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FIVE-DAY WEEK IN FORD PLANT ONLY FLIM FLAM

Practically a Wage Cut, Say Workers

By CARL HAESSLER,
Federated Pross.

DETROIT, Oct. 8.—(FP) — Wage
juggling is as vicious an element in
the Detroit automobile labor situathe Detroit automobile labor situation as is direct wage cutting, labor men in the motor capital of the world declare. When an employer like Henry Ford makes his exhausted workers produce in five days what they were hitherto putting out in five and one-half, and pays them for five days instead of five and one-half, it is pretty tough to have half-baked nitwits all over the country hall this latest sweating device as another step to the social millenium. At least that is what Ford's sweatshop victims think. Of course there is a "merit bonus." Unfortunately the meritor-lous worker is a rare animal.

us worker is a rare animal.

Demand Below Supply.

"The trouble in the trade at the "The trouble in the trade at the present time," says Arthur Rohan, incoming executive secretary of the United Automobile Workers, "is that the demand is falling below the supply and considerably below the normal productive capacity of the plants,"

Favors industrial Unionism.

Rohan's organization, which used to be in the American Federation of Labor but was suspended in 1917 for enrolling within its industrial hospitality workers claimed by other internationals, has received a friendly letter from Pres. Wm. Green, promising to take up the question of how the union can rejoin the mother body. Industrial of men discharged, the scale of production kept at the same level and special appeal to them but it dismilar methods applied to thirty three branches, he does save a pretty penny.

down from plant manager Mr. Huse of the United States. Most of these men finds working men from all parts of the United States. Most of these men finds are to perofit to work for So they cents increase per hour. Thus the average man was held at \$30.00 a week and the star performers got trom Pres. Wm. Green, promising to take up the question of how the union can rejoin the mother body. Industrial of men discharged, the scale of production kept at the same level and similar methods applied to thirty three branches, he does save a pretty penny.

56 cents an hour for the same work. This maker of high-class, high-price cars pays his men partly in bunk, giving them a merit button after five years of service and a watch after 15

The Chrysler people promise a honus, but in reality their inspectors make so many deductions for alleged imperfect work that the bonus is scarcer in the Chrysler plant than a millionaire in Russia.

The Budd Wheel company juggles

The interstate commerce commission charged Koenig, president of the company, with billing coal from Kentucky and West Virginia to Detroit hospitals and receiving it himself. Under the Elkin act hospital ship ments had priority over industrial shipments. Koenig pleaded not guilty and Judge Tuttle exonerated him.

In the course of the shop strike Judge Tuttle outlawed Pere Marquette railroad shop strikers and said they deserved no standing in court. He later imposed a four months' sen-tence for contempt of court on the editor of a labor paper who criticized him. The federal court of appeals at Cincinnati reversed this decision also.

AUBURN AUTOMOBILE! . **COMPANY TAKES OVER** DUESENBERG MOTORS

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct, 6.—
Automobile circles buzzed with interest today over the announcement of E. L. Cord, president of the Auburn Automobile company, that they had purchased the entire plant, equipment and assets of the Duesenberg Motors company for a consideration said to involve \$500. consideration said to involve

dicate, said that the incorporation of a new company capitalized about \$1,000,000 and which will be known as the Duesenberg, Incorporated,

FORD KEARNEY

(Special to The Daily Worker) JERSEY CITY, N. J. Oct. 6—In the Ford Kearney branch we are begin-ning to feel the effect of retrenchment and reduction in wages. Five days pay for six days work is now an established fact according to the bulletin board. Yes—some increases are to be given out, but only on merit!

One department had its force cut down one-third and the rest were told to keep an production in anticipation.

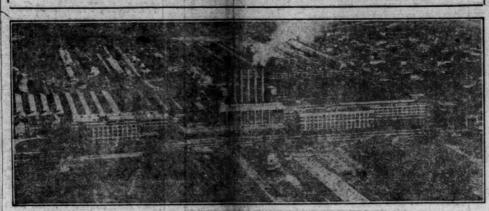
Other Plants Doing R.

Other shops are doing the same or similar things. Packard recently fired and pay according to one's merit. The closed cars who were getting, 70 cents an hour—not a princely ware cents an hour—not a princely wage for speeded work. Packard then took on 26 new men and is paying them past year—why keep his "improve-ment" in the hours of labor under his hat so long?

There is a general discontent thru-out the plant. No amount of publicity in the Hearst sheets will change the fact of a shrinking pay envelope

Date Factory Workers Spurn Compromise of

HERE IS A VIEW OF ONE OF THE BIG SLAVE PENS



factory. In the meantime another much larger works has been built called the Fordson, on the River Rouge, Detroit. In such plants as the above, 115,000 or so slaves are engaged directly in the work of turning out RETRENCHMENT

Lizzles at 2,000,000 a year. There is hardly a large center in the country that has not its big Ford assembling plant with automatons working just as in Detroit. In addition to this there are other helots working in coal mines, lumber forests, glass works and on the Ford railroad—all under the crushing Ford speed-up system.

Fifteen Minutes for Lunch

THE ASSEMBLY LINE SPEED-UP_CALL A NUMBER TO GET TO THE LAVATORY_FALL

By J. M., a Ford Worker.
DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 6.—Working
on the assembly line in the Highland

things a little easier, they immediately

up the whole day through, where you are forced to work at full speed for the whole eight hours under those damnable blue lights, where to go even to a lava ory you have to call out a number and wait until you can be replaced, where only fifteen minutes is allowed for dinner, and where one out of every seven men is a straw boss—makes all those fellows that come to Detroit to work for the "best boss in the United States" last not s_0 long. They cannot stand the gaff.

Hence the big labor turn-over. The foreman expressed himself, by saying

Can't Wash Hands. said, only fifteen minutes are

assembly lines is the closest thing to what hell is described to be by a baptist preacher.

Can't Stand Gaff.

On this line, when there is no let what hell is described to be by a baptist preacher.

Can't Stand Gaff.

On this line, when there is no let up the whole day through, where you are forced to work at full speed for

a person! Well—I get home from work and the only thing I feel like doing is to lay down and go to sleep. Get on any of the cars that carry Ford workers home from work and you will find men who work only sight hours a day henging on to the you will find men who work only eight hours a day, hanging on to the straps sleeping—all fagged out.

Pry Into Private Affairs.

ways prying into the private life of his work is all-day work, the speed these men have to work at is amazing. And when they find that the men take that he has three gangs working for employes. Every employe is made to him, one coming, one going and one report to the educational office as to what he is doing with his pay. Is he saving any money? Does he buy

WHY DOES HENRY FORD FEAR TRADE UNIONS?

His Fake Argument About Management – Thinks He Has Established Industrial Monarchy – Workers Have A Right To Organize – Ford

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 4, 1926.

Employers on commerce file the Caryler plast unamilicanter in Residue. Employers on commerce of the Marsa day rates as frequently that few workers know whether they have money coming or going with the company at the end of the week. The risher Body concern, which makes bodies for over 40 per cent of the auto soulide of revel, a soulidation. The plant is the part of the auto soulide of revel, a soulidation. The plant is the part of the auto soulide of revel, a soulidation. The plant is the part of the auto soulide of revel, and the company at the factory for feature of the auto soulide of revel, a soulidation. The plant is the part of the auto soulides for over 40 per cent of the auto soulide of revel, and the part of the auto soulides of revel, and the part of the auto soulides of revel and the part of the auto soulides of revel and the part of the auto soulides of revel and the part of the auto soulides of revel and the part of the auto soulides of revel and the part of the auto soulides of revel and the part of the auto of the same and the part of the auto of the same and the part of the p

DAILY WORKER will follow up the good results gotten by these workers in the Ford factories, The DAILY WORKER will wind up its campaign in a few weeks.

1113 W. WASHINGTON BLVD.,

CHICAGO, ILL. Dear Comrades:

Enclosed find money order for \$69.00 and check for \$100.00, totalling \$169.00. \$69.00 is donated by comrades of Shop Nucleus No. 1, and \$100.00 by the central bureau of the Ford Nuclei, which prints The Ford Worker. This is our response towards KEEPING THE DAILY

At the last meeting of the Shop Nucleus No. 1, we took up the ques tion of KEEPING THE DAILY WORKER very seriously. Only twenty

and this time we will double the amount. Yes! If necessary, we will triple it. We know what it means to lose our only English Dally, the revolutionary expression of the working class in its bitter class struggle. We are in the front ranks to fight to the last man before we will let the banner of The DAILY WORKER fall.

Comrades, fall into ranks and rally to our forces to break the chains which bind The DAILY WORKER. Let's free it once and for all, so as to enable it to do its work properly. Comrades, we challenge you to outbid us in this drive!

Join with them today, and we will KEEP THE DAILY WORKER.

DETROIT, Oct. 6.—The Ford Motor company's five-day week maneuver is the outstanding act of strategy on the part of a capitalist organization in the class struggle thus far in 1926. To realize the nature and significance of this maneuver workers must consider other events. One is the successful strike of the New York furriers for a 40-hour or five-day week. Another event is the annual convention here of the American Federation of Labor. The furriers' victory preceded by a few weeks the Ford Motor company's five-day week proclamation. And the proclamation immediately preceded the A. F. of L. convetion. It is not a coincidence that these three events are in this order in this summer and fall—this summer and fall that have brought also the Passaic strike, the British miners' strike and the "Ford Worker." The "Ford Worker" is a shop bulletin issued by class

OF WORKERS AND A. F. OF L. MEET

DIRECTLY CONNECTED WITH F

Industrial Army.

When the Ford Motor Co. first en-tered into major quantity production several years ago it was a newcomer in the automotive field. To carry out the Ford idea of popularizing the auto-mobile meant building more automobiles than had even been imagined up that time. It meant employing ore men than had ever before been employed in one factory in the auto obile industry. Henry Ford and his role had the engine, chassis and body. They had capital and confidence. What they needed was a suitable organization, that is, an industrial army corps for mass production pullt around a mere nucleus of skilled

In those days the automotive indus try was a boom industry. It was a field of high adventure for a new kind of "captain of industry." And, as in all boom industries, the labor turn-over, or replacement, was excessive and costly. The Ford circle believed that to succeed with their plan they must reduce in their own shops the provider rate of labor turnover. And prevalent rate of labor turnover. And they believed they must and could do another thing. They believed they must and could avoid the penetration of their shops by union organizers. They solved both problems by a method never before or since sor daringly or shrewdly attempted. To use an auctioneer's phrase, they out-bid

both their competitors and the estab-

Trade Unions.
They offered wages and hours not nly far in advance of the prevailing wage but in advance of wages and ours unions in other places were denanding or striking for. Pavement walk outside the Ford Motor o. employment office became a paade ground for automobile workers from other automobile factories, who were looking for work at the Ford scale. The Ford Motor Co. took its

Those tactics in general were permanently incorporated in the Ford Motor Co. policy. When railroad shop-& Ironton Railroad, owned and operated by the Ford Motor Co., was immune. The strike demands fell far troiter," has carried on a persistent nen struck in 1922 the Detroit, Toledo hort of the wages and conditions pre-

conscious workers in the Ford shops.

MAY ACCEPT OPEN SHOP'S CHALLENGE

Churches Obeys Capital and Shut Labor Out

(Special to The Daily Werker)
DETROIT, Oct. 6.—The leave
inionization of Detroit labor reach
the floor of the A. F. of L. conve
ion today with the introduction of
solution proposing the insuguer resolution proposing the inaugura-tion of a general organization cam-paign in the automobile industry, 80 per cent of which is centered around Detroit. It was offered by James O'oCnnell of the Metal Trades De-partment of the A. F. of L.

It would authorize the federation officers to launch this drive "at the earliest possible date," calling a con-ference of all national and international unions to work out the plan of campaign. It was referred to the resolution committee for report.

Churches Support Open Shop. DETROIT, Oct. 6.—With the Protestant churches and the Y. M. C. A. as the storm center, capital and labor were at grips today in their fight to determine whether this great in-dustrial city shall continue as an open shop or become a unionized labor center.

This, the first storm to break the tranquility of the forty-sixth annual convention of the American Federa-

assignments of speakers for the churches were made by the federation of churches through the Detroit

"Peaceful" Open Shoppers.
But thruout the summer and early campaign of publicity deprecating the coming of the labor convention to De-troit as a "disturber" of the "peace-Vailing on the D. T. & I.

And now, to return to October 7,
1926, what are the new facts? What
Are the events of the present and reworkers in the Ford factories. Accept the Ford workers' challenge.

Walling on the D. T. & I.

And now, to return to October 7,
1926, what are the new facts? What
are the events of the present and reworkers in the Ford factories. Accept the Ford workers' challenge.

(Continued on page 4)

PICKETS MAY FILL JAILS

Zimmerman Refuses to Pay Fine; 10 Days

NEW YORK CITY, Oct. 6.—Setting the example for scores of striking cloakmakers arrested Monday on the ploket line in the garment zone, Charles S. Zimmerman, vice chairman of the General Strike Committee, and ieading left winger, took a ten day aentence to the work-house rather than pay a \$50 fine for picketing when sentenced by Magistrate Silber-man in Jefferson Market Court.

Zimmerman were Samue Zeldin, manager of the Brownsville district of the cloakmakers' joint board, and Jack Goldstein of 9929 avenue, Corona, a dress cutter also took the jail sentence.

who also took the jall sentence.

May Flood the Jalls.

Last night, connael for the joint board, Cloak, Suit and Dressmakers amions, 180 East 25th street, were busy getting papers ready to appeal the conviction of Zimmerman, Zeldin, Goldstein and others who received varying from three to ten

In practically every case where pickets were given the choice of pay-ing a fine or going to jail, they chose the latter. It is estimated that 200 striking cloakmakers faced Magis trate Silberman in a session that dragged all day yesterday. Rochester A. C. W. Donates \$5,000

The union announced last night that the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of Rochester, N. Y., voted \$5,000 towards the strike. This is in addition to the \$25,000 already voted by the national office of that organiza-

BRIBERY RATHER THAN HUNGER IS

One Crook is as Good as Another

DANVILLE, Ill., Oct. 6.-Frank L. Smith, recently chairman of the Illi-nois Commerce Commission and less recently beneficiary of a \$200,000 gift from Samuel Insull, spoke here on the from Samuel insul, spoke here on the issues of the campaign for the U. S. senatorship from Illinois.

If the democrats win, declared Smith, there will be bread lines in

the cities and still worse in the country. What is an Insul bribery comcan still keep on fighting. But we bribed, but he is never out so long unionists to stand by us a little longer, as the voters remain dumb! This was When our battle is won we shall prove the substance of the slim-chinned our gratitude when other branches o

In the meantime George E. Brennan

Communist Party of the Soviet Union:

Soviet Union and the world revolution:

By JOHN PEPPER.

of the opposition leaders to force

new discussion upon the party, adopt

ed resolutions of protest emphasizing the fact that the opposition has over

stepped all limits of permissible

methods of inner party controversy These resolutions demand unanimous

tion leaders who are striving to break

STRIKE: WANT BETTER

(Special to The Dail, Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Oct. 6.

(FP) - Workers of the National

Spun Slik Co. walked out after two

workers were discharged in the

NEW BEDFORD UNION

SILK MILL WORKERS

the unity of the party.

SOVIET WORKERS SPURN PLEAS OF

The Moscow correspondent of The DAILY WORKER cabled the follow

feel that the present attempt to break the unity of the party, under the

leadership of Trotsky cannot fail to be inimical to the best interests of the

General Von Seeckt Resignation Heralds New German Crisis

BERLIN, Oct. 6-General von Seekt reator of Germany's post-war army, today tendered his resignation as a result of the reichswehr service of the eldest son of the ex-crown prince, which he considered as the first indi cation of former Kaiser Wilhelm's return to politics.

The action is expected to cause a military and political crisis. Prest-dent Hindenburg, it is believed, will ept General von Seekt's resigna

PASSAIC LOCAL TO ASK FLOOR AT CONVENTION

Woman Tells of Fight for Organization

By CARL HAESSLER, Fed. Press. By CARL HAESSLER, Fed. Press.
DETROIT, Oct. 6.—It's a different
story in the British textile mills, says.
Ellen Dawson of Local 1603, United
Textile Workers of America, the newest local in the veteran organisation.
She hopes to address the American
Federation of Labor convention in behalf of the 16,000 woolen mill strikers
in Passate. in Passaic

in Passale.

Speaking to the Federated Press,
Dawson told of entering a Scottish
textile mill at 14, later working in
Rochdale, the birthplace of the cooperative movement, and then coming to the textile hellholes of New Jersey

Some Difference. "As soon as I got into a Passaid mill, after landing in America," she told. "I asked the girls when we pay our union dues. They immediately looked frightened and whispered that must not talk about unions if nted to hold my job in the mill. That struck me as queer, because in England everybody belongs to the union and you pay your dues just as you pay your rent and other necessary

Will Hold to Union.

"But we have our union now in Pas-saic and we don't intend to let go of it. We could have settled our month strike long ago if we had insisted on union recognition. have held out against police clubs, tear gas, wild-riding motorcycles, sluggings in police cells, frameups by private detectives and, above all against starvation. Had it not been for the splendid response of the labor movement of America to our needs, the millionaire bosses might have forced us to surrender.

still Need Ald in Battle. "Now we are able, with careful conomy; to manage our resources so try. What is an Insul bribery com- can still keep on fighting. But we pared to starvation? A man may be must still beg our brother and sister the labor movement need assistance.'

President Thomas McMahon of the was nursing a wooden leg and all textile workers is at the convention was well on the banks of the Chicago and will assist Ellen Dawson in get

Here is Henry the Great Himself



The old man is examining one of the new air lizzles that he is thinking about making when the "Leaping Lenas" go out of style. Ford has become a very famous man, known thruout the world. But in spite of this he has been narrow enough to wage a bitter campaign against the Jews and foolish enough to say "History is bunk." The fact is that, outside of the narrow circle of his technical and business knowledge, Ford is what the workers in his plant would term a "dumb-bell." What books and publications appear under his name are written for him by clever press-agents whom Ford pays The technical achievements for which he has become famous, for that matte are the work of his highly trained engineers. Ford's "greatness" and "philanthropy" are myths, both of which will be exploded as soon as his worker organize and demand a word or two in his industry-as they justly deserve

HIGH WATER TAKES GAMALIEL COMES HUGE TOLL FROM 3 MIDWEST STATES

Three Lives Lost; Big Dead Men's Tales Mean **Property Loss**

(Special to The Daily Worker) While flood waters continued to senace cities and towns and exact their toll of property and crop dam-age in central Illinois; other sections

high waters.

nates placed the damage at over profits in view. \$2,000,000.

No accurate estimate of the damage in Illinois is possible, altho farm bureaus say it will run into millions. Beardstown, center of the Illinois ood area, raced possible annihilation as the waters, led by swollen up-state

OPPOSITION TO CENTRAL COMMITTEE **CALVIN CONFUSED** BY QUEER LINGO: ing story on the controversy that is now taking place in the ranks of the The the revolutionary workers of the Soviet Union do not forget the DITCHES LEAGUE services rendered to the revolution by Trotsky and others in the past, they

Court Document Worse Than Cross Puzzle

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.-An protocol recently devised by the league of nations in connection with the reservations of the United States as a condition of entrance to the world court gave secretary of state Kellogg a terrible headache accord-ing to information secured from the

day admitted it may be days and eventhe high spots in obtuse documents happily ever afterwards even as it en weeks before the bodies of 21 mineronessed after a half hour's labor was in the days of Hans Anderson's ers still remaining in the wrecked that the job of making head or tall fairy tales. of what the league assembly meant was still on the other side of the NEW YO

Reporters Went Wild.

mouth of the mine for the bodies to managing editors, leading off with a seized assets of the American Metals be returned to them. win the world's series or that Jack Dempsey's boils would not burst be-fore Susanne Lenglen married Red lams and Adnah Johnson, former Grange.

Kellogg was never so glad of anyision to pigeon hole the world court first came up.

Sue. Now it can be told! Neither The memorandum showed that the

LIKE PRODIGAL TO DAUGHERTY

Nothing

NEW YORK, October 6.—Warren Gamaliel Harding, he of the rotarian literary style, was wished out of his grave yesterday by the hired attorneys age in central Illinois; other sections of Harry M. Daugherty, in order that today as the high water which for days has inundated sections of three states receded.

Three lives were claimed by the high waters. aigh waters.

In Oklahoma and Kansas early estiwith malice aforethought or with

The gentle reader will remember that the United Stafes government under the regime of Voodrow Wilson became quite displeased with the party of the first part in the "Me Und Coli" seek and the world will be und the und the und the world will be und the un Gott" faction, on or about April 1917, and that henceforth America main-tained diplomatic relations with Gott, only spelled in the English way.

Cost 100,000 Lives. Therefore the United States blew 0,000 perfectly good Americans in o smithereens in order to show its displeasure with the Teuton alphabet. However, all that blew over and so id the war, but the capitalists on both sides of the big pond continued to exist outside of Soviet Russia, and in the course of time the Teutons began to be welcome in our land so that our politicians could speak to them without losing their constituencies.

And it came to pass that Harry M. alleged copy of the new world court Daugherty and divers other patriotic protocol recently devised by the politicians looked with favor on German capitalists in return for a transfer of divers marks to Daugherty and divers patriots.

And in the course of time other

patriotic politicians, expecting to make hay out of the troubles of Daugherty and other lovers of their ROCKWOOD, Tenn., Oct. 6.— usually reliable quarters.

Thwarted by fire and the danger of another explosion, rescue workers to the ers who are accustomed to grab off federates may go to fail or may live the the result that Daugherty and his confederates may go to fail or may live the result of the result that Daugherty and his confederates may go to fail or may live the result of the result o

> NEW YORK, Oct. 6. - George Williams, managing director of the ticle whose name was taken in vain Harry M. Daugherty, former attorney general.

The charges against the two defend Reporters with solvent papers ants are in connection with the ap-wired the whole document to their proval of the \$7,000,000 claim for war

A memorandum was introduced assistant attorney general, in the Brookhart-Wheeler investigation in thing in his life as of Coolidge's de- 1924 when the American Metals case

one of them knew what Sir Eric claims in question, were presented on Mert Drummond was talking about so they July 28, 1921, and that conferences ting fell back on Washington's farewell were held regarding them on Aug. 2, tals s and 8. The second second

WALL STREET BORING FROM WITHIN AGAINST HENRY FORD

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The plan of Henry Ford to consolidate the De troit, Toledo and Ironton Raliroad with the Detroit and Ironton was attacked by minority stockholders of the former road in a brief filed with the inter-state commerce commission. Examiners of the commission have already recommended that the plan be disapproved.

O. K. If You Speed Up Workers, Treasurer Says

Why Not?
Mellon is quoted as saying that if
the workers can be made to produce
as much in fire days as they do now

as much in five days as they do now in six, he can see no reason for not "giving" them the extra holiday. Mellon said, also, that he has come to realize that shortening of the workers' hours is more necessary now than in former years because of the mechanical "speed-up" production methods.

Must Be "Developed."
Success of the plan, Mellon wa careful to point out, depends upon how it is "developed," meaning that indus-tries should be certain they could speed up their workers enough in five days before they establish the five-day

PLUTE JOURNAL

Some Humble Scribe Will Lose Meal Ticket

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—(FP)—Att the anguish and agony of a frenzied editorial mind is poured into the apology publicly offered by the Chicago Jour-nal of Commerce to the clothing firm of Hart Schaffner & Marx in its issue

On the preceding day, in a column headed, ironically enough "What's Be-hind Chicago Stocks," the Journal had detailed the strong financial condition of that clothing corporation. It wound up a paragraph on net profits with the words, "but of course this is all a lot of bunk, although the crooked officials say different." Journal Ate Crow.

The explanation came the following day when, under the same heading, "What's Behind Chicago Stocks," the journal published the following notice: "Presumably those who read the article will recognize in the words a

wanton act of sabotage. Obviously the words have no context with the rest of the article and must have been inserted by an illiterate person, and presumably by one whose mind is

mind had been warped by shattering personal experiences with what's be-hind Chicago stocks, the Journal of merce was too frantic to specify

Main Anti-Daugherty Witness' Testimony Ruled From Record

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.-The defense closed its case at noon today in the trial of Harry M. Daugherty, former attorney general, and Colonel Thomas W. Miller, former alien property cus-todian, charged with conspiracy in onnection with the return to foreign of the \$7,000,000 assets of the American Metals company which

had been seized during the war.

Motions were promptly made to dis miss the indictments against the de ants. Two motions were made, by Max Steuer, counsel for Daugherty, the other by oClonel William Ran, attorney for Miller.

The motions were denied by Fed eral Judge Julian Mack.

Federal Judge Mack overruled teuer's motion to have the testimony of the late John T. King, Connecticut republican politician, before the grand jury, read into the record.

King was paid \$441,000 by Richard Merton, German industrialist, for putting thru the \$7,000,000 American Metals company claim, according to to
previous testimony.

C. N. Van Dusen, president of the
board of directors of the Y. M. C. A.,
admitted that the invitation to Green
the University of California that
board of directors of the Y. M. C. A.,
admitted that the invitation to Green
the University of California that
board of directors of the Y. M. C. A.,
where was among the 358 students
admitted that the invitation to Green
to address the "Y" meeting had been
withdrawn.

Even "Non-Partisan" Politics Passed Up by Detroit Meeting

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.
(Special to The Daily Worker)
DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 6.—There
isn't much discussion of the congressional campaign among the delegates
to the 46th annual convention of the
American Federation of Labor now in
session because of the congression of the congressi

necessary of treasury of the United States, Wall Street lieutenant, and aluminum trust magnate, has placed his stamp of approval on Henry Ford's 5-day week plan. This was the word passed around in financial circles here and which startled industrialists, who, failing to 'see thrix pected disapproval american Federation of Laber Trades Department. Hayes is also secretary of the International Typographical Union.

Good Policy—But Won't Work.

The brief mention of the subject by Hayes is pretty much a gesture of depair. He says he has not yet turned traitor to the non-partisan policy of the A. F. of L., but he frankly admits that it doesn't work. Of course, he blames the workers, as is the custom with all officials, He says:

"The political weakness of the labor now in precious designs."

from such a quarter.

But Andy Mellon, who has much experience in exploiting both the workers and the people in general, is shrewd enough to know what the "5-day week" means.

Why Means are thru'

"The political weakness of the labor movement is proverbial; the worker is a republican or a democrat for some allly reason that has nothing whatever to do with the welfare of his least.

Worker Manne and officials, He sayer movement is proverbial; the worker is a republican or a democrat for some ever to do with the welfare of his least.

are much wiser. They cast their votes and their influence for those who serve them and against those who

have injured them.
"I am not advocating any departure from our traditional non-partisan poltoy but am only citing evidence that the worker has never been sufficiently aroused to the importance of sup-porting his own interests."

Oppose "The Inevitable."
In the discussion of the labor party at the Atlantic City convention a year ago, Jim Lynch, president of the Typographical Union, confessed the organization of the labor party was an inevitable development in the United States, but he joined with Hayes in

roting against it.

voting against it.

There are now 46 national and international labor unions, out of the
107 chartered by the American Federation of Labor, affiliated with the
Union Label Trades Department.

AIMEE'S TALE **CONTINUES TO EXCITE PEOPLE**

Is Ryan Agent of Devil or the Pope?

LOS ANGELES, Oct, 6.-After re lating how he traveled into Mexico in search of the shack in which Aimee Semple McPherson, woman evangelist, said she had been held captive by her kidnappers; how he sought check up her story step by step, Joe Ryan, deputy district attorney, today resumed his place on the witness stand, a place he occupied all day yes terday as the state's witness against the exponent of the "four-square" gos pel, her mother, Mrs. Minnie Kennedy and Mrs. Wiseman-Seilaff, all charged with having conspired to manufacture false evidence in connection with the alleged kidnapping episode.

Ryan unfolded his story from the

time he went to Mexico until he went to Carmel, where the state holds that Mrs. McPherson occupied a cottage with Kenneth G. Ormiston, former radio operator at Angelus Temple, and again related how written grocery slips, which he claims were written

Who Killed McSwiggin? Will Answer: "Who"?

today by Charles A. MacDonald who was appointed special prosecutor in the triple machine gun murder which the voung attorney. took the life of the young attorney.

Of the three special grand juries which were impanelled in an effort to solve the crime, MacDonald's report

"While the report of this work does not name the slayers of McSwiggin, it might indicate who they are. We had no positive evidence, however, so we could return no indictments."

BERKELEY, Oct. 6.—The athletic prowess of Helen Wills is well known, but today it was disclosed by reports the labor arguments. from the University of California that

USE POLICE AND SLUGGERS ON CH

Police were in league with paid luggers Wednesday in an name ful effort to intimidate members of the Chicago Window Washers Union, Local 40, in order to break their

Business Agent Held.
Steve Zarachuk, business agent of
the local, was placed under arrest by
police officers at union headquarters,
673 West Madison, Wednesday after-

Armed with a trumped up warrant, the coppers invaded the union head-quarters and forced the business agent to go with them to headquarters. He was released later, however, when the police realized they could not place any charges against Zararchuk.

Sylvester Washkereles, a member of local 40, was also arrested by the coppers, and charged with disorderly conduct, because he was picketing. Efforts were being made late Wednesday to have him released.

Bosses Have Armed Sluggers,

Strikers reported that armed sing-gers had been stationed in many parts of the city by some of the window cleaning companies. No clashes between the strikers and the sluggers were reported, altho one was nar rowly averted on the north side, it is

eported.
Union officials declare it is their

Union officials declare it is their determination to carry on the strike peacefully, but will be ready to meet any hoodlum tactics of the bosses. The window washers went on strike Monday when their, demands for \$1.25 on hour and \$40 a week guarantee were denied. \$1.25 on hour and tee were denied.

There was no letup Tuesday in the strike of Chicago Window Washers' Union, Local 40, which was called Monday when the bosses refused to grant the union demand for \$1.25 an hour and a guarantee of 40 hours week.

Every window cleaning company in the city is affected except the Boston Window Cleaning Company, South Wells street, which signed with the workers on the new scale without proest. Twenty-two companies refused

to grant the increase.

No member of the union is allowed to work without obtaining a special permit from the business agent, it is

announced.

A special strike meeting was held
Monday night, and every member
voted to "stick" until their demands

Picketing is being continued thruout the city.

Scab Metal Workers Find Auto Transport Unsafe; in Hospital

Two policemen stopped a truck be-longing to the Rindsberger Lamp Com-pany of 18 West 24th street at Jack-son and Canal when they found that two of the five scab metal workers who were riding in it had collided with bullets, one being wounded in the foot and the other in the leg. They said the truck was fired on from an

It has long been the habit of em ployers to take scabs home in autos. With two out of five in the hospital it is seen that this form of transporta-tion is beginning to have its drawbacks. The scabs at St. Luke's hos pital are Theodore Stemer, 1523 West Van Buren street, and Anton Mo neuszko of 3121 Augusta street

School Board Head Denies Charges of Treasury Surplus

Edward B. Elliott, president of the in Mrs. McPherson's handwrifing, Chicago board of education, denies were given to the grand jury only to that the treasury of the school board have them subsequently destroyed by will show a surplus of four million a member of that body. charged by Margaret A. Haley, business representative of the Chicago

and for that reason the school board

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—There will be must slash its expenditures, with sal-no indictments for the slaying of william H. McSwiggin, assistant

state's attorney. This announcement was made here A. F. of L. May Accept Openshop Challenge

(Continued from page 1) convert Detroit into a "closed shop" city.

Churches Obey Their Master. An open letter to churchmen of De-An open letter to churchmen or De-troit, promulgated thru "The De-troiter" on Sefr. 27, was released for newspaper publication by officials of the board of commerce as their re-tries of the service of the commerce as their reply to Green's statement. This let-ter called on churchmen to urge their ministers to close their doors to labor spokesmen or permit business men of the community to occupy the pulpits the following Sunday to rebut

LENINGRAD, Oct. 6. - Forty-nine persons were arrested today by gov ernment agents charged with military espionage in behalf of Latvia. All the prisoners face death upon conviction, .. Since the signing of th Lithuanian-Russian treaty British spies in Latvia have intensified their

MAII MFFK2 LOK

(Special to The Daily Worker) ly of the Central Committee to take drastic measures against the opposi-

department. The workers F BRITISH DEPENDENCY DIS-COVERED BY SOVIET GOVERNMENT

All the largest organizations of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union after hearing of the attempts **MINERS' BODIES**

ROCKWOOD, Tenn., Oct. 6 .- usually reliable quarters.

ny's mine here can be recovered. was still on the Owing to the danger of the fire mental dead line. Owing to the danger of the fire said to be ranging in the mine, the rescue crews were obliged to work slowly and cautiously. The fumes emanating from the interior of workwere still heavy, further hampen The families of the missing men,

ing the work of recovering the bodies. they found a similar story. ow given up for dead, have resigned themselves to patient waiting at the

CHINESE UNITE

All Classes to Fight British Business

Peking, Sept. 17.—(By Mail)— The Peking government has addressed a note of protest to the British ambassador in connection with the attack of the British forces on the Yangtse.

The professors of the National University of Peking have sent a letter of protest to the British parliament in connection with the blood bath of

Wanshein.

Unite Against British.

The newspapers in Washington call upon the Chinese people to unite to fight against the British imperialists. To this end it is proposed: To crate a national union hostile to Great British, to establish a complete boyout et all British goods, to buy no foodstuffs from Britishers, to break off all economic relations with Great Britain, to prohibit British ships from entering Chinese waters, to abolish the unequal agreements and to demand compensation for the families of the dead and wounded in Wanshien, and compensation for the damage done to property.

Manchants Join Protest.

Menchants Join Protest.

The foreign ministry has approved of the petition of the Chinese Merchants' Federation which contains the following demands: No extension of the unequal treaties after they have expired, the signing of new treaties are they have expired, the signing of new treaties are the hasts of equality, a note to expired, the signing of new treaties upon the basis of equality, a note to the foreign powers to the effect that after 1929 customs autonomy will be once again introduced, the representatives of the Chamber of Commerce shall be permitted to take part in the economic work of the customs com-

mission of Shanghai.
British Bring Troops.
British mercantile vessels which in consequence of the boyout have avoided Canton harbor for over a year have now appeared there once again with military forces on board. The Chinese press takes this as a proof that Great Britain intends to break the blockade by force. The press expects complications.

Soviet Labor Unions Ask British to Join Protest Over China

MOSCOW, Sept. 17.—(By Mail.)—
the Central Council of Soviet Labor mions has directed a telegram to the eneral council of the British Trades mion Congress expressing its indigation at the brutal bombardment of the unprotected Chinese town Wan-haten by British imperialists and ex-presses the hope that the British trades unions will join with the un-ions of the U. S. S. R. in this protest against the brutal violence accord to the Chinese people.

The period which elapsed since the signing of the Locarno pact up to the time of the Geneva meeting of the league of nations has not seen the liquidation of any one of the four war fronts of International capitalism. The spirit of sweetness and peace which was to be generated out of Locarno has not materialized. Instead, the contraictions and conflicts have been considerably sharpened:

No considerable progress has been made in the organization of a successful European imperialist 3. Not even the most desperate attempts have succeeded in alleviations of the control of which was Locarno. Not only is the United States fighting every inch of United States fighting every inch in Section of United States fighting every inch of United States fighting every inch of United States fighting every inch in Section I ing made by the United States in the threat to withdraw its application to enter the world opurt. And the bloc itself shows only the most superficial ophesion and stability in the face of more irritating friction be the European nations them-

The same holds true for the other aim of the bloc: a solid European imperialist front against for a permanent seat in the council of the league (this time without the. sufficient) which "saved Ger om an Eastern orientation" man from an Eastern (Le. towards co-operation with Rus sia) was negatived to a degree by the withdrawal of Spain from the league, with all that this defection implies;

France May Ratify Debt Pacts, But to Add "Reservation"

PARIS, Oct. 5.—Henry Simon, presi-PARIS, Oct. 5.—Henry Simon, presi-tent of the finance commission of the chamber of deputies, today told the commission that the government-probably would sak ratification of the condon and Washington debt agreements, "with reservations," before the end of the year. M. Simon's an-nouncement was made directly after a conference with Premier Poincars,

ECHOESIDEAS OF U.S. HENRY

Talks Just Like Our Own Slave Driver

PARIS, Oct. 6.—A similar philan thropist with a greatly intensified sys tem of exploitation a la Ford is the owner of the greatest French auto-mobile factory, who is known as the French Ford: Citroen-Paris.

Two years ago the Citroen plant Two years ago the Citroen plant was reorganized completely on the Ford model. Labor is carried on mostly on moying tables. Concerning the great advantage of continuous work Mr. Citroen writes:

"The machines must all be so arranged that they lie one behind

"The machines must all be so arranged that they lie one behind the other and form a continuous chain similar to the chain of buckets used in putting out a fire. The people employed in this chain are mechanically compelled to perform all the operations with corresponding speed. It is to be noticed very frequently that when the speed of operations increases in one place then there is a speeding one place then there is a speeding up of all the rest of the opera-

Same as at Ford's

Several examples to show the meth ds of Citroen's system:
"The tollets must be very near to "The tollets must be very near to the workshop in which the work is being done so that the workers are not compelled to be absent a long time and to run around in the fac-toriet and thus lose time." And what doesn't the benevolen boss do for his dear workers:

"The workers must have the op-

"The workers must have the op portunity in summer to refresh themselves without trouble. Therefore there must be set up in the workshops little water-fountains (naturally again for the sake of saving time!) with continually run-ning fresh water."

In another place he explains:
"It must be made easy for the
worker to receive his pay so that no unnecesary time is lost at pay-

is there any wonder the gentlema called the "Ford" of France?

Fordism Descends On Germany

BY MAX BEDACHT.

THE economic system of Henry Ford has become in Germany much more than merely an excellent meth-od to make money. In Germany, ford is being taken more seriously than in America. "Fordism" there has become what Ford wants it to be: a "Weltanachauung."

What is Ford's fundamental idea? Ford is a capitalist. For him the capitalist system is the last and final word in social development. The problem, as he sees it, is not: what better form of society will replace capitalism. Oh, no! There can be none better! But it is possible, according to Ford, to improve capital-

ism!
The improvement has two general objects. First: To increase the possibilities for making profit, and, second: To lessen the possibilities of desatisfaction and thus of rebellion by the

workers.
All of Ford's measures must be considered in the light of these two objectives. And it is just in the light of these two objectives that Fordism attains special significance in Germany. But it is also a Germany in which the inner contradiction of Ford's objectives is clearly brought to light.

Reparations Burden.

considered in the light of these two objectives. And it is just in the light of these two objectives that Fordsm attains special significance in Germany. But it is also a Germany in which the inner contradiction of Ford's objectives is clearly brought to light.

Reparations Burden.

THE reparations have put a tremendous burden upon German economy. The German capitalists were never even for one moment in doubt about whether they themselves should shoulder part of that burden. Just for a lost war a capitalist class does not violate the ten commandments of capitalism: Thou shalt make profit—more and more and still more workers. The German cantillists likes in the production, these "concessions" create with the workers the illusion of benevolent capitalism from proletarian rebellions by way of prevention.

Social-Democrats Enter.

AND here is where the social-democrats: Short hours are scally a matter of imperative necessity for the very application of my system of speedy chain production, these "concessions" create with the workers the illusion of benevolent capitalism from proletarian rebellions by way of prevention.

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The capitalists declared that not only their profits are inviolate, but also the chance to expand them. The also the chance to expand them. The payment of, reparations finally resolved itself into the problem of increasing the difference between the cost-of subsistence, existence and reproduction of the working class, and the value of the total of production. There was only one method for that, and this method reduced itself to the command to the workers: You must eat less and work more! And, as far as the German capitalists are concerned, here enters Henry Ford.

Symbolize Ford.

Symbolize Ford.

Theory a Fallacy.

Theory a Fallacy.

Theory a Fallacy.

AND all three of them, Henry Ford, German capitalists and social-democrata, are blind to the utter fallacy of the Ford theory as a savior of society. Ford does provide his workers just as little with means to buy back 100% of their products or the equivalent of them as any other capitalist. His positive wage is perhaps angher. But the relative share of the Ford worker on his product is lower. The increased wage

the continuous chain production which permits a speed-up to the ut-

which permits a speed-up to the utmost limits of human endurance.
But Ford is not merey a blind profit-maker. He is also a devoted adherent of the capitalist system. He
wishes not only to make as much
money as possible while it lasts, but
he also desires to perpetuate the captallist extern. His arguments are

money as possible while it lasts, but he also desires to perpetuate the capitalist system. His arguments are very simple, He says:

First: No matter how we speed up production, we could not profit from it without a parallel increase in wages for the worker. Why? Because the workers cannot only be producers in the economic system, providing us with products, but they must also become consumers, buying the products from us.

Second: Speed-up has a limitation, that of human endurance. We must respect this limitation and provide sufficient leisure for the workers to enable them to recuperate from exertions. Without a chance to regenerate spent energy the worker becomes useless.

Third: While thus high wages and short hours are really a matter of im-

Marx on the road to-a revolutionary overthrow of capitalism if we can have Ford peacefully reforming cap-italism? To hell with Karl Marx!

Let us have Henry Ford!

Here we run into all the contradictions of Fordism. German capitaldictions of Fordism. German capitalists hall Ford because he provides methods of increasing production. But in the realization of their command to the workers of "Work more" they do not forget their order to them of "Eat less." Therefore, they accept only one side of Fordism, but not the other of short hours and comparatively decent wages.

The social-democrats, on the other hand, see officially only the short hours of Ford and cover his speed-up and intensive exploitation with a mantle of christian brotherly love.

Theory a Fallacy.

AND all three of them, Henry Ford, Gérman capitalists and social-democrats, are blind to the

To put it concretely; Ford says: How can I expect to sell autos to my workers if I do not pay them sufficient wages to enable them to buy autos? In order to be able to pay such wages I must organize their work so that I get the last ounce of energy out of them. Instead of having them make me one auto within a certain time they must be made to produce two and one half of them. And the result? Formerly, the worker pro-duced one auto which he could not buy. Now he produces two and a half autos, one of which he can manage to buy.

Workers Learning

Now the problem is not the auto never the problem. The problem is Taking the auto as a symbol of any product, we see in this one and a half auto the problem of capitalism. Ford He merely increased it by half. He increased it just like captalism itself increases its own problems with its further develop talism by capitalism itself turns the solution into a new and more serious to the and more difficult problem.

And the way out of it all? This party.

way out is provided only by the abolition of capitalism. Karl Marx and not Henry Ford points the way. Not profitable reforms a la Ford but rev-olutionary struggles a la Marx must bring the final solution.

The German proletariat is learning the truth of this more rapidly than the German capitalists and the social-

Catholics Use Armed

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 6,-A Knight Columbus, Tirgo Guerola, is lead an armed rebellion of catholics in the state of Durango, it is reported to the government by General Leon, in charge of troops active against the rebels. Two priests and 18 laymen have been arrested for implication in

INDIA PROTESTS **BRITISH WAR ON**

Oppose Imperialism

LONDON, Oct. 6 .- A strong declaration of the Indian nationalist move ment toward the evident intention of Great Britain to intervene with armed force in China to crush the national liberation movement, has been sent to the London Herald by Pundit Mo-tilal Nehru, leader of the Swarajist

against the Chinese nationalisthe threatened war," he says, be strongly deprecated by the Swara

"Attempts to advance British im

Rebellion in Mexico; K. of C. Leads Revolt

CHINESE NATION

Asks British Labor to

"Any use of Indian resources jist party and deeply resented by the Indian people.

perialist interests by depriving the eastern nations of their freedom will destroy all faith in Great Britain.

CHINESE WORKERS ORGANIZE IN WAKE OF CANTON ARMY ADVANCE: HANKOW WELCOMES THE TROOPS

HANKOW, China, Sept. 17 (By Mail)-The political section of the staff the Canton troops which has been placed in Hankow has commenced its work. The Canton government is considering the possibility of moving to Hankow. Thirty-two working class organizations in Hankow have taken up their work again. Leaflets, etc., are being distributed and meetings and lectures held everywhere in order to inform the proletariat upon the program of the Kuomintang and the tasks of the northern expedition.

On the 13th of September a confer one called by the workers' organiza-tions decided upon a one-day strike to celebrate the victory of the Canton

Order has been quickly established in the provinces captured by the Canton troops. The local administrative apparatus has been quickly put in order.

The American newspaper, Hankow Herald, which appears in Hankow, describes the entry of the Canton troops. Tired But Happy.

"The southern troops which have arched from Kwantung thru Hunan Symbolize Ford.

FOR the capitalists of Germany,
Ford represents the principle of
systematisation of production. In
their eyes, Fordism is symbolized in and Hupef and have fought all the

"The troops are marching thru the streets and thousands of workers, employes, coolies and business men are parching with them. For the first time we heard shouts of greeting and applause when troops marched in. Tremendous masses of workers assembled at the railway station and talked to the troops and the students of the military academy.

Different Than Wu's Troops

"The Canton troops pay for their purchases with hard cash, whereas a few days ago the inhabitants suffered under the plundering of the Wu Pei

Fu troops.
"There were no triumphal arches, no committees of greeting. The peo-ple itself greeted the victors with storms of cheering." world is expected to be represented at Brussels in view of the extra time for preparation.

R. I. L. U. ASKS ACTION TO AID CHINESE PEOPLE

Their Cause That of Workers Everywhere

MOSCOW, Sept. 18 (By Mail) .- An appeal of the R. I. L. U. to the work-ers of all countries declares that the Chinese revolution is threatened with an intervention. The ringleader in this attack upon the Chinese people is without a doubt Great Britain.

British Treachery.

While in many provinces the coun ter-revolution throttles millions of peo-ple, these "benefactors" of the Chi-nese people look on without interfering. If the venal counter-revolution ary generals are attacked, however, these "defenders of civilization" these

attack the revolution from the rear.

The advance of the revolutionary
Canton army towards the north and the series of defeats inflicted upon the counter-revolutionary mercenaries has brought the imperialists into action both on the military and diplomatic fields, chiefly, of course, the British marauders.

Words Not Enough.

The British trades union congress in Bournemouth has adopted a resolu tion of protest against the policy of Great Britain in the Far East. But words and resolutions are no longer enough. The intervention must be fought with deeds and not with words. Working men and women of all countries, remember that the cause of the Chinese people is your cause. The tollers of the great powers will not be able to shake off their chains as long as they have not broken the back of their own imperialism.

The voice of the toiling masses sounds from town to town and from country to country thruout the whole

Away with the imperialistal

Postpone Brussels Anti-Imperialism Conference to Jan.

In order to assure large delegati from every part of the world and to arouse broad interest in its proceedings, the Brussels Anti-Imperia conference called by the League Against Colonial Suppression has

been postponed until January, 1927.

There has been no change in the agenda or other plans of the Brussels meet beside the change in date, which was made to insure the participation of a wider scope of oppressed peoples than had formerly been contemplated In the cablegram telling about the postponement the international organizations to intensify their publicity campaigns for the Brussels confer-ence. The entire Anti-Imperialist world is expected to be represented

---Weekly International Review---

with it the knowledge of the reestablishment of an old rival, for whose
elimination from the world market
England went to war. England is confronted and arch-enemy of Russia, Pilsudski, on the eastern front and in the Baltic
sea and the provocaterish action of
fronted and arch-enemy of Russia, Pilsudski, Jugoslavia!

Qui vivra, verra! The time is
sea and the provocaterish action of
fronted and arch-enemy of Russia, Pilsudski, Jugoslavia!

Qui vivra, verra! The time is
sea and the provocaterish action of
fronted and arch-enemy of Russia, Pilsudski, Jugoslavia!

Surely not far distant when the proronted not only with a growing rench industry, but also with a growing German export balance, and, essentially, the re-constitution of the colonial ambitions of a reborn German imperialism.

of tempts have succeeded in allevi-ating to an appreciable extent either the internal economic and political vulsions. Belgium is between the devil of Dawesation and the deep blue sea of German financial aid as compensation for the return of Eupen and Malmedy, industrial districts annexed by Belgium via the Versailles treaty.

Neither in India nor Egypt can

for Tangiers haunts not only England the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The successful absorption of Germany into the bloc by the vote for a permanent seat in the council of French and Spanish colonial reof the league (this time without the serves—a far superior base in the menace of a negative vote from the Mediterranean than Gibraltar, Malta vassal small powers like Poland, for or Cyprus—means the endangering of whom the ingenious Cecil-Fromageot her economic route to Egypt and Inof a semi-permanent seat dia and the naval-military route to sufficient) which "saved German an Eastern orientation" pre-requisite to political hegemony. For France, control, or even considerable influence in the Mediterranean by Italy is a menace not only to her with all that this defection implies; the sharpening of the struggle for the control of the Mediterranean.

In addition, Chamberlain, presiding in the role of Metternich over this new holy alliance against the proleman of the Tench army during the world war and they now compose one-fourth war and they now compose one-fourth.

Alps than towards the Rhine.

The rivalry between England and
France for continental hegemony, the
complication of Italy's decisive and
noisy entry into the Balkan situation,
and the challenging development of complication of Italy's decisive and noisy entry into the Balkan situation, and the challenging development of Germany's imperialist appetitie are the sessions of the league of nations. Ninchitch, who in his closing remarks

Neither in India nor Egypt ca THE specter of the loss of control of the Mediterranean conjured up by the Italian-inspired demand of Spain

The electoral victory of Zaghlul Pasha The electoral victory of Zaghlul Pasha the leader of the nationalists in Egypt is being followed by rumblings in Ab esinia. The Angla-Italian treaty razenly divided the Ethiopian country vssinia o that a railway line is permitted for Italy thru Abyssinia to connect its two colonies on the eastern coast of Af-rica, Eritrea and Italian Somalliand, while England is accorded the right to

THE sessions at Geneva failed to I solve any of the contradictions of European imperialism: they were merely confronted with their intensi-

It is not for nothing that in the recent secret maneuvers of the French army the uniforms of the Republic faced more in the direction of the results and the provocaterish action of Chang-Tso-Lin against-Russia in his attacks on the Chinese Eastern rail-way occurred simultaneously with the control of the results and the provocaterish action of the chinese Eastern rail-way occurred simultaneously with the chinese Eastern railattacks on the Chinese Eastern railway occurred simultaneously with the sessions at Geneva. They are harbingers of storm.

AST July, the administrative councillation of the French socialist party, after weighing the advantages and disadvantages presented by "the p

WHY M. NINCHITCH PRESIDED

With the Italian minister to Belgrade. Ninchitch went to Paris where Briand proposed a tripartite treaty between France, Italy and Jugoslavia. To this proposal Mussolini turned a deaf ear for his object was an Italo-Jugoslav Sazonov and the other diplomatic or his object was an Italo-Jugoslav rapproachement against France.

announcing that this treaty would be

with empty hands, having concluded a treaty neither with Italy nor with

IS THE SOCIAL-DEMOCRACY CAPTURING THE LEAGUE?

ence at the league of nations of a delegate credentiated by a bourgeois government" instructed its representatives to the executive committee

is the guardian of civilization against Soviet barbarism" presented himself Soviet barbarism" presented himself at Geneva as one of the French delegentry of Russian czarism.

BRIAND consoled Ninchitch with AND he was not alone! With him Jugoslavia and France and the Siber-ian returned to Belgrade in triumph, of Herr Von Hindenburg, the socialdemocrat Rudolf Breitscheid, who, a

France. His prestige at home was struck a sad blow.

In arms from Belgium, Messrs de The swift success of Mussolini in struck a sad blow.

Brouckere and Vandervelde, who repestablishing virtual control over the

Qui vivra, verra! The time is surely not far distant when the proetarian and legal talents of Comrades Morris Hillquit and B. Charney Vla-deck will be displayed at the international thieves' den, where they shall be able to argue eloquently for a share of the spoils for their own government.

ABD-EL KRIM'S SUCCESSOR.

A CCORDING to reports from Fez, a taken steps against the French by directing his forces against French operations near Tagni. The sparks which inflavor or the sparks which inflavor or the sparks to have materialized out of this antagonism between France and Spain, who suppressed the Moroccan minor. continuation of the struggle at this-

GREECE: FOR ENGLAND! FOR FRANCE!! FOR ENGLAND!!!

THE varying fortunes of Greece have now brought forward a new dictator in the form of General Konto use Abyssinian waters for its Sudanese plantations. The protests of better of it and decided that now was the Abyssinian delegation to the league of nations sessions in Geneva were hardly listened to.

Poor M Night of the sessions at Gor. dylis, who seems to have successfully ousted his predecessor, Pangalos, Since the decisive defeat of Greece not yet the time for a Franco-Jugo-slav treaty.

Poor M. Ninchitch was then left

with empty hands, having concluded a

class the dictatorship of the proletariat, the representative of the great major ity of the people, as a necessary precondition for the realization of sowith empty hands, having concluded a

class "."

which Turkey dictated the peace of Lausanne in 1923, the struggle has proceeded between Britain and France for hegemony in the Balkans; and of late with an added rival in the shape class "." which Turkey dictated the peace of lalism."

With them came their companion of Mussolini.

the sharpening of the struggle for the control of the Mediterranean.

The addition, Chamberlain, presiding in the role of Metternich over this new holy alliance against the proletary revolution, had the measer satisfaction of realizing that the inclusion of realizing that the inclusion of granting that the inclusion of granting that the inclusion of decrease in the proletary into the respectable of the stock of the catholic, Poullet, last year, as they did the government of the president of the catholic, Poullet, last year, as they did the government of the catholic, Poullet, last year, and the population. And the problem of the catholic, Poullet, last year, and the population. And the problem of the catholic, Poullet, last year, and the population. The forcess of Mussolini in arms from Belgium, Messrs, de Brouckere and Vandervelde, who repetables in arms from Belgium, Messrs, de Brouckere and Vandervelde, who repetables in arms from Belgium, Messrs, de Brouckere and Vandervelde, who repetables of Pangalos who became a feature and vandervelde, who repetables of pronched with the same equanimity and graceful gestures the government of the millionaire banker Francqui this year, as they did the government of the Catholic, Poullet, last year, and the Catholic, Poullet, last year, and the league compensating in the Catholic, Poullet, last year, and the catholic of the Catholic, Poullet, last year, and the catholic of the Catholic, Poullet, last year, and the catholic of the Catholic, Poullet, last year, and the catholic of the ca

the signing of the Greco-Jugoslav pact. Not only did Kondylis immediately announce that all treaties consummated by Pangalo with other government were suspended, but he clared that Greece would not yield the claims to the Dodecanese Islands which now form a part of the Italian domain. The Dodecanese Islands are situated off the coast of Turkey in domain. The Dodecapese Islan Asia Minor and are considered a strategic point in the Mediterranean.

Kondylis, who has been describ N ed as one who is "Francophile by inclination and will be Angiophile by necessity" quickly demonstrated the veracity of this delineation. Undoubtedly instigated by the French, he no sooner was safe in power than he turned to England for support and allegiance. For the first many long months, it is reported, Kondylis has requested of England the return of the British naval mis

sion for the Greek fleet France replied promptly to this base the time being in the same safe position in Greece that it held in 1932

THE FRANCO-ROUMANIAN TREATY.

THE failure of France to make very much headway against England in the control of Greece has been slightly compensated for by the con-clusion of the Franco-Roumanian The treaty guarantees the treaty. erritorial status quo of Roumania, Roumania's right to the contested territory of sorely oppressed Bessarabia,

An editorial in the Moscow "Izvestia" considers the treaty as a clearly unfriendly act towards the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and declares that such actions by France continue to diminish the possibilities of co-operation between the two na-The editorial demands an explanation from France concerning the treaty since silence from Paris will only confirm the opinions which already exist in Russia as to the inter-tions of the Poincare-Briand gov-ment against the Soviet Union.

MAX SHACHTM

RUBBER BARONS RUN CLOSE RACE WITH FORD IN EXPLOITING MEN TO SUPPLY TIRES FOR FLIVVERS

THE situation in the rubber tire industry of Akron is beginning to develop Both the rubber manufacturers and the rubber workers realize that the situation is getting more intense day by day.

Perhaps the best evidence of this is the fact that a member of the er workers' organization who ran for election as member of the Good-

rear "Industrial Assembly" was immediately fired when his success in the primaries was announced. Why did Goodyear resort to this act of terrorism in this "parliament of the workers?" The reason is that Goodwars?" The reason is the reason is the reason is the reason is the re of the fact that local men are being discharged, more men are being put on. The companies prefer southerners—men who know little about organization, and who will "appreciate" the "fine" conditions in the Akron rubber industry. These men are amenable to the foremen and bosses in the shope for a will be will then they. year realizes that the workers know what is going on in the industry and are beginning to sense the need of organization in order to put an end to the effontery of the bosses.

43,000 Workers in Akron.

WHAT is the situation in Akron? the shops for a while, but then they too begin to understand the cutting system under which they are work-

What is the situation in Akron:
There are 43,000 workers in the
rubber tire industry of Akron, representing the vast majority of the
rubber workers of Ohio—the biggest These men are fighters—individual ists, who have been compelled to rely on their own resources, and when they find that the "Eldorado" that they expected is only a plain field of battle, on which the workers at the state in the country-and producing 52 per cent of the rubber tires of the country. More than half present time are getting worsted, they turn to the same methods that the northerners are using. 30,000-of these workers are employed in two plants—the Goodyear Rubber and Tire company and the Goodrich Rubber and Tire company, the remainder being in the Seiberling.

WHAT are the workers doing to counteract the effect of the situation? The workers are organizing. VV counteract the effect of the situa-

These rubber workers are among the worst exploited in the country, that is, regarding exploitation from the point of view of production and remuneration. In 1923 the average pay of the workers was \$1,586. From 1923 on, the profits of the rubber barons increased, until in 1925 they earned the highest profits in the history of the rubber industry. At the same time, the production increased from \$391,000,000 to \$556,000,000 or 42 per cent while the wages declined from \$1,584 to \$1,519 or a decrease of 4.1

The Workers Know. what the exploitation is. Thus, in one department, they used to employ a mold turning out one tire, the handling of the tire requiring three workers. Now they employ six molds turning out six tires, and only four men

are required.
Speed-up is the curse of the rubber industry. The foreman and supervisors stand behind, the men, driving them on. But there is something more coercive than the foreman's warnings: the fact that if the workers do not work at maximum speed, they will not earn enuf to live on. "Base" Rate Scale Used. "THE work is based on the base rate

union, and now the union is giving organized expression to it in the form of a weekly paper called "The Rubber Worker." This paper has created a sensation among the workers, and according to reports, even the rubber manufacturers recognize that the rubber workers are on the visible rest. manufacturers recognize that the rubber workers are on the right path.

That rate, however, has no meaning whatever. A worker knows that he must turn out products for that scale, but the amount changes from day to day. Thus by speeding up the workers, and the rubber workers are on the right path. The "Rubber Worker" has formulated the demands of the workers demands that arise out of the situation in the rubber industry itself. day to day. Thus by speeding up the workers, and demanding an ever greatey production, the base rate will remain the same, but the worker is exploited to an ever higher degree the same shour day, 40-hour week, no speed-up, guaranteed full year's work. The experiment is tried out on one right of overgrigation. These works,

THE rubber industry is working at fast pace, owing to the fact that they great the money that they did before.

The rubber industry is working at judging by the manner in wire rubber workers are carrying of work, they will soon realize it.

Doing Their Bit to

our DAILY WORKER for this is the

very first and foremost duty of every

for the revolutionary movement. All

THE DAILY WORKER ALIVE

Comrades in Boston

Ford Takes It Out of Their Bones

WHEN Henry Ford dramatically made the announcement that his two hundred thousand employes would work five instead of five and a half days a week, thousands of hair days a week, mousands or people who don't know anything about the Ford system that Henry made a monumental contribution to human progress, In doing this, Ford did make one contribution: he placed the question of the five-day week out in the open and got millions of workers to thinking about it. But the five-day week that they are thinking about is not the five-day week that Ford is "giving" his workers.

The workers in the Ford plants work as much, if not more, than any group of workers in the country. The difference is that they work in a more concentrated form. It is true that they have remarkable and effi-cient machinery, and tools. The co-ordination of the function of every worker with that of another could not be more perfect. Production goes forward smoothly, methodically, and with certainty. But it also goes for-ward rapidly. The big cost in pro-duction is the labor cost. To cut this down, labor has to be speeded-up and improved machinery introduced. Ford is the world's greatest master at this art. He can squeeze more effort out of the marrow of his workers' bones in a shorter time than any other boss. Work Harder.

WHEN Ford decides to give his workers two days rest a week it is a sure sign that he is preparing to work them harder for the other five. A worker in the Ford plant, despite the eight-hour work day, needs at least two days a week to recover from the terrific drain on his vitality that the steady and exhaustive labor in the Ford factory takes. There is no such thing as a standard system in the Ford plant. Methods and ma-chinery are changed as rapidly as newer methods and machinery are found that will cut down labor costs. This means speed-up for the men. The five-day week is the direct rehult of this Ford policy. It means simply that every man working for Ford will hereafter do the same work in five days that he formerly did in five and one half. This being true, there is not much benevolence to be found in the fact that the pay of the men will

remain the same. Ford is Survivor.

HOWEVER, despite these facts which prove that Ford has given his workers nothing that they are not paying for in full, there are certain additional and informative facts about Ford's five-day week. Firs First. ers in the country who could do what Ford has done in this regard. There are certain characteristics about the Ford industry not common to most. For instance, Ford and his immediate

one of the few big survivors in the war between the industrialist and the financier. He is still free to take experimental steps that but few other large producers could afford or would be permitted to make.

THEN there is this to be considered:
Ford is now engaged in a trade
war. His opponent is the General
Motors Co. which has started a program of cheap production calculated to take some of his business away

Ford's Competitor



J.P. MORGAN

For the first time in its industrial career, the Ford Motor Co. is faced with the most powerful combination of capital in the world, backed by Wall Street, which is competing with Ford in cheap car production. Here is the king of Wall Street.

from him. Ford has gotten home the first blow. He has hit the General Motors Ce. in their weakest spot-production, precisely where Ford is strongest. This will immediately give Ford the pick of the labor market and assure him a less expensive labor turn-over. At the same time he will maintain his production level and when it has become sufficiently sta-bilized under the newlaystem he will

week that outside of fairly sound conjecture can only be definitely known by Ford's engineers them-selves. But here it is:

ers, collectively, haven't a single word to say about the Ford plant for which they are mainly responsible. Ford pays his men six dollars a day be-cause he can get more work out of them. They haven't got anything to say about it. It is entirely up to the management. Ford has found it more profitable to give them six dollars a day, an eight-hour day and a five-day week. But he gets it back and then some. His annual profits are astounding. A big portion of them he puts back into the business, which grows and results in ever more profit each succeeding year. All this on the sweat and blood of the workers in his plant. And they haven't got anything to say about it.

Workers Have Rights.

THE point is that they have a right to a say in the plant that their muscles and work and time make possible. It is true that management is necessary. It is true that the work ers can benefit by improved methods bilited under the newisystem he will go about increasing production. There is also the huge advantaing value of this "philanthropic" concession to the workers. It is hard for most people to understand that every time Ford GIVES his workers something he takes it out of their hides.

THERE is an angle on the five-day

A ND until the workers in the Ford plant assert this right they will continue to be automatons, entirely at the mercy of "efficiency experts" and remain the same, but the worker is same shour day, 40-bour week, no sampled to an ever higher degree The experiment is tried out on one worker, and when it is discovered that he can produce a larger quantity than hitherto, all the workers are compelled to equal that production.

Scale Also Reduced.

THERE are instance, however, in which the base rate itself is lowered. Thus a year ago a worker received \$1 for an operation, three months ago it was reduced to 82 cents, and now amounts only to 66 cents. Production has increased, for the rubber barons use this stimulus, in "addition to the one mentioned above, to force the men to work harder in order to earn the money that they did before.

The production has increased, for the rubber barons use this stimulus, in "addition to the one mentioned above, to force the men to work harder in order to earn the money that they did before.

The production has increased, for the rubber barons use this stimulus, in "addition to the one mentioned above, to force the men to work hander in order to earn the money that they did before.

The maintenance is cut down, the industry and the fact that it is of a vertical nature has placed ford less at the mercy of the banks than any that industry is working at the mercy of "efficiency experts" and the family selves. But here it its:

The metra work in the morks and a half days work of equipment. Ford is thus one working his men five days a week you us, ave and a half days a week you us, ave and a half days a week you us, ave and a half days a week you us, ave and a half days a week you us, ave and a half days a week you us, ave and a half days a week you us, ave and a half days a week you us, ave and a half days and the fact and the fact hat the converted and the workers. Until the morkers and the workers in the production.

Scale Also Reduced.

The maintenance, bovered in the production.

Scale also Reduced.

The maintenance is cut down, the industry and the fact that it is of a vertical nature has placed ford less a vertical nature ha

FORD FIVE-DAY WEEK MANEUVER DIRECTLY CONNECTED WITH FIGHT OF WORKERS AND A. F. OF L. MEET

ing union labor's newest threat.

The Ford Motor Co., moreover, found it fortunately convenient at this time to shut down to five days a week because of a reduction in its orders, continuous since last spring. The company was forced either to adopt a five-day week or to lay off perma-

of Workers and A. F. of L. MEET

all this helps Ford in his battle
with General Motors. It also in
the cases his personal prestige and adds
to his already very large personal
vanity—at the expense, mind you, of
his workers.

The fiveday week is good. Sconer
or later all workers will have the
diffeeday week and may'be less. But
not Ford's kind. Ford gets the extra
day or half day right back out of your
bones. The kind of a fiveday week
that militant unionists want is a five
day week with FIVE DAYS Work,
and when later the workers of after
a four-day week they will want that
many days_work. You can expend as
muce energy RUINNING a city block
as you can WALKING a mile. That
is the lessen that Ford's workers are
learning.

The only way the slaves in the
great Ford industry will get a REAL
nveday week is by organizing and
fachting for it. That was the way the
organized American workers won recognition for the eight-hour day.
They had to fight many long and bitter struggles to get it.

Workers Powerless.

NOTHING suits the bosses better
Nothing of the deficit out unorganized human material with while
they can do as they please. That is
what Ford likes and that is what he
shas. His two hundred thousand workors, collectively, haverit a single work
or ay about the Ford plant for which
they are mainly responsible, Ford
pays his men six dollars a day be
cause he can get more work out of
them. They havent got anything to
the more construction of the A. F. of I., President
men of the A. F. The sale of The DAILY WORKER at the Ford gates doubled in a day. The 'physicians' in the "examining" and 'first aid" rooms of the Ford Motor Co. always have their fingers on the pulse of the workers. And the stethoscope showed a quickened heart beat.

The "Ford Worker.'

The news of the Passaic strike and the British strike were world news that could be read in a prejudiced light in the capitalist press from day

because of a reduction in its orders, that could be read in a prejudiced continuous since last spring. The company was forced either to adopt a five-day week or to lay off permanently a large number of men. The organization experts of the Ford Motor Co. thus killed two birds with one stone.

Experimentation with the five-day week began several months ago, and the schedule has been gradually extended thruout all departments, so that to men in the Ford shops this is that to men in the Ford shops this is lished by the Ford nuclei of the Workan old story as far as actual practice ers (Communist) Party. In spite of is concerned. But the permanent interference by the police of Highland is concerned. But the permanent interference by the police of Highland adoption of a five-day week as a company policy is obviously strategic.

Other Factors.

Consider other factors. The strike of the Passaic textile workers taught the Ford Motor Co. (and also taught a week.

WHY DOES FORD FEAR UNIONS?

es not require many testimonials men working in the Ford industries to prove that the highly exhaust-

Trade Unions Needed

TRADE unions are needed in the Ford plant to protect the men from the ghastly Ford system of exhaustive labor. They are every bit haustive labor. They are every bit as necessary in the Ford plant as they dustry, is directed, not for the benefit of the thousands of men who slave at the tasks, but to create a cheaper and the tasks, but to create a cheaper and more marketable commodity to make profits greater. Ford is as much a cap-italist as the next industrialist. He is not in business for his health. He is dollars. The first half of 1926 was more then fifty per cent better the first half of 1925.

millions and in 1925 over 17 millions with prospects for a much better profit have no place in his industry, he who slave in his many plants have no part in the industry except as mere machine cogs in a great, co-ordinated regardless of the fact that every company was reducing the price of the car.

THIS will continue as long as the auto worker thinks he does not need an organization. Wages in the trimming department of one of the price of the care all to the good. From the point of the price of the care all to the good. From the point of the care all to the good. From the point of and his engineers have made a great view of industrial engineering Ford and his engineers have made a great ontribution to world progress. this does not give Ford the rights of a feudal baron. This does not make it necessary for the workers in Ford's plants to be dumb and disfrant tools of a great machine.

there than he does of the physical contrary, they might help good man-capacity of the men he employs. It does not require many testimonials from being the creature of a management whose chief motive is profit and cheap production and speed-up. The best management is that management ly comparable to the work done in most plants in ten or even more hours. being the first charge. The only way that such management can be assured is by the worker himself having the

has. Against the ownership and the right to hire and fire of the boss his only strength lies in joining with his are in plants that take their profits of the workers in another way—
lew wages and long hours. What is more, Ford's highly efficient technical methods of production, the perfect synchronization of the entire inlevel to the workers in another way—
level to the work. The perfect is discovered by the ford plants will be so organized. Henry doesn't like it. But did
you ever hear of the boss that did
like it? you ever hear of the boss that did

Ford Gives Fifteen Minutes for Lunch

that he does all this in the intere of the employes, needless to say it is

I asked the guy that was question-I asked the guy that was question-ing me what was the idea of wanting to know all about my private affairs. "Well," he said, "when you are working here, we want all your mind on the werk—100 per cent—and how can a worker do that if he has other things on his mind?"

Anyway, those workers that come to work at Ford's soon find out that instead of being the best boss in the U. S., Henry Ford is the worst kind of a slave-driver possible and the world's champion bunk-shooter.

Commerce Commission Denies Indiana Cut

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The inter state commission has denied the peti-tion of the Indiana state chamber of commerce for a reduction in freight rates on bituminous coal, in carloads, from certain points in Ohio and from the so-called Inner-Crescent region,

Speed-Up Kills Three Save Daily Worker

judging by the manner in which the rubber workers are carrying on their

and the Rubber Workers Union of

America is the goal they have set themselves. A large number of work

ers have already found their way in-to the union, despite the terrorism of the bosses, and the other intimidating

methods that they employ.

Thus, for instance, the men on one shift are sometimes told that there will be little work, whereas the com-

pany takes on more men on another shift. The reports of the rubber com-pany officials indicate at times that

conditions are not what they should be. The purpose is clear: to create a spirit of insecurity in the minds of

the workers, so that they will accep

any conditions in order to hold ont

Men Are Militant.

THESE reports, however, have no effect on the workers. Many of

them are disgusted, and do not hesi-tate to express their disgust. A sharp spirit of discontent gave rise to the

(Special to The Daily Worker) BOSTON, Oct. 6 .- The following appeal was issued to the Lettish Party faction in Boston: Three workers are killed on an aver- lions for the few? ency of The DAILY WORKER, the submitted by F. H. Lewinski Corwin, director of Hospital Information Busin are rushing their bit of support, rean of New York.

ion are rushing their bit of support. Enclosed please find a check for \$100 as a contribution from the Lettish 28th annual convention of the Amercomrades of Boston. We pledge ourican Hospital Association. Every year es to work hard during the com-700,000 workers are disabled for at least four weeks, he said. Industrial ing days and to raise more funds for accidents are increasing, despite employers' so-called safety campaigns comrade at the present time - TO SAVE THE DAILY WORKER AND

Corwin showed.

The reasons he gave: general speeding up of workers; increased number of new men taken on after the last depression: safety work retarted since war and safety engineers taken off company payrolls to allow welfare departments without expert technical knowledge to handle safety.

Dept. of Agriculture Cites Armour Grain Co.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.-Chargng that the Armour Grain Companitempted to manipulate the price of rain on the Chicago Board of Trade ecretary of Agriculture Jardine has ssued a citation under the grain fu tures act calling upon the company to show cause why an order should not be issued directing all contracts markets to refuse it trading privi-

Send in a sub today!

The automobile industry is not very limits move laster. The worker works ubmitted by E. H. Lewinski Corwin, lirector of Hospital Information Bucau of New, York.

Corwin gave his statistics to the but as he is so well known he will life with a said to be a life on the property of the said about Ford and world. There are many lesser lights, his system, it would fill a good big book, but of other automobile firms

do as an illustration. Ford Gets The Difference.

cheap, but his enormous fortune was made on the difference between what he paid the workers and what he

charged for the car they made.

Ford has made some clever moves
when it comes to getting publicity, and one of the greatest was when he made the announcement that all his employes would be paid five dollars a lay. That was an increase to some ut many of his workers would have nade twice that amount for the same mount of work in many other shops n fact in one trim shop the men work g on Ford work made more then Did the press say anything about the \$2.73 a day before getting the five a

When Ford announced he would emloy men who were freed from the Michigan state prison again he was even the world's blessing. But, who would fit into his prison like system. better than men who had already been ained in a prison school?

Workers Every Hour in Industry, Says Expert

Many people read in the daily press being made in the automobile industry. Facts and figures are given to prove it and figures are

Automobile Industry

a little must be said too. Most Efficient,

THE automobile industry grew very rest car on the market, and for that reason if no other Henry gets the repetetion of being the greatest men in the United States. His car is came the most efficient and can get more work out of a man then any other industry. It needed men and it paid more than other industries. That is, a man could earn more money by having the opportunity to work

harder. will of the employers because the industry grew faster than a labor organization could, and many workers felt they needed no organization because they earned as much or more then they did at their old trade or them. The two mentioned items are then they did at their old trade or them. The two mentioned items are line of work. Many of them were only a small fraction of what can be from farms or small towns and they heard of every day in the city of the contributes his share towards cause they earned as much or more men at 54 cents an hour replaced ix months a Ford worker put in at dividuals, but big town conditions 2.73 a day before getting the five a seemed wonderful to them. The movie

The Chrysler made in 1924 over 4 nillions and in 1925 over 17 millions and in 1925 over 17 millions with prospects for a much better made that Ford's personal fortune is growing at the rate of \$100,000,000 per year.

On all cars with the exception of Fords, 43 dollars more on each car was made in 1925 then in 1924. This regardless of the fact that every com-

arder.

There was little opposition to the 1920. Now by working a great deal

not only felt they could stand as individuals, but big town conditions
seemed wonderful to them. The movie
and the dance hall made life worth
living and they were young and strong
and could work hard.

48-Hour Week

PIEGE-WORK brices are cut every
so often, more work demanded for
the same money under a task system,
and it will not be long before, regard.



The Ford Motor Co. 14 Years Ago and Today

By CYRIL LAMBKIN.

In the life of an industry 14 years constitute a brief span. But in the automobile industry the last 14 years cover the whole period of growth of a baby industry not only to maturity, but to first place on the list of manufactures by value in the United States.

Well do I remember the Ford plant 14 years ago. In the fall of 1912 I came to Detroit and immediately secured a job in the Highland Park plant. This plant was the only Ford plant then. The output of cars for the fiscal year then ended was 76,150 compared with 1,990,995 in 1925. The number of workers employed at that time was about 9,000 as against about 115,000 in the three plants this year.

time was about 9,000 as against about 115,000 in the three plants this year.

The Big Boom Year.

It was the year 1912-1913 which was the great boom year of the Ford business. So fast were the orders coming in that production could not keep up despite every effort. Workers did not come in sufficient numbers to the shop employment office, and so, it is told, Ford employment agents stood on street corners solicit-

Twas the year 1912-1913 which was the great boom year of the Ford business. So fast were the orders coming in that production could not keep up despite every effort. Workers did not come in sufficient numbers to the shop employment office, and so, it is told, Ford employment agents stood on street corners soliciting workers at higher pay than they were receiving elsewhere.

Those were the days before the conveyor and the speed-up system were in use. The work day was one of nine hours and the wages of the great majority of the workers ran from 23 to 34 cents an hour. The work of moving the assembled parts from one part of the factory to the other was certainly crude and inefficient compared with the methods of today. All over the place men could be seen pushing trucks from one department to another. Even the bodies were brought on auto trucks, lowered onto small trucks operated by main power, wheeled to an elevator which took body and man up to the fourth floor where was located the body room. From there after the trimmings were attached the bodles were again moved by truckers to the final assembly where it was attached to the chassis. It is altogether different

today when the body moves on an automatic conveyor, which brings it directly over the chassis just as it is completely assembled, and if is lowered onto the chassis without the loss of a minute.

New Methods Come.

HOWEVER, already the steps were taken by the company which were destined to make it the model of standardization and efficiency. For long periods at a time things were moved from one place to another to the consternation of many workers. But gradually it began to be noticed that things were so placed that they moved to the next step in a regular order which eliminated unnecessary movement.

It was also at that time that the first beginning of a general speed-up system was introduced. And this too was crude at the start. Many forement and sub-foreman were used to

the Ford company after a few years thought that the expense of the army of "sociologists" was no longer warranted the department was discontinued, altho there is still some nosing into private affairs.

Since then great wealth was

Since then great wealth was amassed at a rate almost unknown in the annals of industry. Railroads, boat the annals of industry. Railroads, boat lines, coal and iron mines, timber tracts all came into the control of Ford. And recently one of the leading aeroplane factories of America also. But the workers received an average increase of only a dollar a day, which makes the general daily wage one of \$6.00.

Speed-Up Grows.

YEAR by year the mounting production meant not only great new

YEAR by year the mounting produc-tion meant not only great new wealth for the Fords, but it meant also a speed-up system the strain of which could be endured with diffi-culty. It was then this summer that the thought of a 5-day week was born. Two days a week rest meant a little more relaxation for the workers so they could better endure the strain, and incidentally it meant quite a saving for Ford. There was some talk among the workers of 6 days' pay for 5 days' work. But, altho increased production fully warrants this, the raise did not materialize, except to a small portion of the workers who received a raise of only \$2.00 a week instead of the \$6.00 expected.

THERE is disappointment in the

hearts and minds of the Ford workers. But it is a disappointment that leads not to despair. Rather it is the kind that will generate the idea of organization. It will not be long before they realize that Ford with all his wealth is no match to the organized power of the more than hundred thousand workers he employs. When they fully realize this they will not only help themselves materially, but at the same time they will contribute enormously to the ac-cumulating strength of the whole American working class girding its loins for a final conflict with capital

Auto Workers Must Be MEN-Not Robots



made of machinery. This is very reminiscent of a Ford worker. It It is high time for not only the slaves in the Ford works but all other auto "robots" to assert themselves as men instead of continuing merely

WORKERS SHOULD SEND IN STORIES ABOUT THEIR SHOPS; ESPECIALLY **WORKERS IN AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY**

By ROBERT W. DUNN.

ocked in vain among the contributions of the various worker condents for descriptive articles on such employers' devices as the my union. Certainly there must be a number of workers, with a flare as who find themselves caught in the meshes of some sort of association to mislead and betray the workers and keep them out

There are more than a million workers tolling under the yellow flag mpany union in America today. Most of them may appear to be

passive, indifferent souls sweating to make that second payment on house, aliver, or victrola and helpless before the tyranny of the boss. But tamong them are certainly more independent and vigorous types who have an opinion on the refined forms of paternalism that bind them to their lobs and develop that precious "love" an opinion on the refined forms of paternalism that bind them to their jobs and develop that prectous "loy-alty" the bosses are so prideful or when they show visiting delegations of business men and Y. M. C. A. secretaries thru their plants. These independent-spirited workers should be encouraged to write out their expeneouraged to write out their expe-lence with the bosses' schemes to ope the workers.

"Group Insurance."

I ran into one of these fellows the ther night. He had been working more than a year in the Studebaker plant in Detroit. He told me how the management introduced the group in-surance plan. First it announced in the employe magazine—company edi-ted—that the scheme was voluntary. Only those who really cared to sign up for the frill would be given the

office by the boss and the assistant superintendent. All but one were weakened by the intimidation which took the form of a lecture on how they expected everybody to "go along." It was a good thing for them. The man-

Spend a Pleasant Evening in the Reading Room of the

WORKERS **BOOK SHOP**

322 WEST SECOND ST. A labor library is here for your convenience, There is also a splendid selection of books for

your purchase, Hours: 8 p. m. to 10 p. m. Tel, Metropolitan 3265

No matter what your ailment, for

Dr. J. J. Scholtes, D. C.

2447 Lorain Ave., Cor. W. 25th St. Free examination if you bring this ad with you.

agement had not expected any opposi-tion. The boys would find it healthier to conform. Much along the same line.

untary" insurance pian was thus 100 per cent enforced. Studebaker's could write to the trade journals and tell of their marvelous plan accepted by all their workers.

(No, there are no such things as trade unions in this plant. It's the company's policy to keep them out. All relations are between the individual and the boss. Not even a company union to provide the bluff of pseudo-collective bargaining.)

In Most Plants.

put over and kept over. What are the effect of such schemes upon workers and their organisability into trade unions? Persions, benefit associations, etock ownership plans, company magazines, profit-sharing plans, gang production and other efficiency manual control and other efficiency manual manufestations of the personnel manufestations of the per manifestations of the personnel managers that should be analyzed on the job by the workers who are subject to

Wages, hours and general conditions are important and should be reported on first. But let us have detailed reports on all the various phases of the "weifare offensive" of the employers. Let us have careful descriptions of all sorts of labor handling signal. of all sorts of labor-handling plans and systems and just how they work Don't report like the A. F. of L. organ-izers, who fill out questionnaires or who send in reports to the Federationist as follows: "There is a bonus scheme in the plant in this town and a company union. Fraternally yours,"
Give the whole story, Give details,
They can be cut out if the editor
thinks they are not essential. But
usually it's details that make the story

That worker next door to you may not have anything to do to night. Hand him this copy of the DAILY WORKER.

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AMERICAN WORKER CORRESPONDENT



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Dead World Court Only Good One Says William (Senat.) Borah

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 5 .- The in practice it didn't work out this some as this is in operation. It is more on the other is dead, according to Senator Borah, the wild man on one department refused the labor to know how these schemes are insurance. They were called into the

lican party in a pinch.

William E. Borah happened to be in Washington when rumors were spread that Calvin Coolidge had turned a jaundiced eye on the ante-room of the league of nations as the

distance, so he was not willing to give credit where a debit was due. Hence his cynical spiel.

Despite the worthy Borah's pessimism the opinion here is that it would take a hardy political wight to sponsor the league of nation's miscar riage now-a-days. In fact or wealthy liberals and reactionaries their second childhood care to be seen walking on Pennsylvania any more with the league's unbaptised progeny,

WCFL Radio Program

Chicago Federation of Labor radio broadcasting station WOFL is on the air with regular programs. It is broadcasting on a 491.5 wave length from the Municipal Pier,

TONIGHT

FIVE-DAY WEEK ANNOUNCEMENT **COMES AT TIME WHEN LAY-OFFS** ARE DUE IN DETROIT INDUSTRY

21 By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press,

Auto workers in Detroit, where the American Federation of Labor convention opened Oct. 4, are at the mercy of giant concerns competing for a market which is far too narrow for the full productive power of the industry. It is even chances that unemployment will be handed out as a christmas present. At least that is the story told by employment figures of the Employ-

ers Association of Detroit. The association figures, covering about two-thirds of the working population of Detroit, show in the last 12 months a fluctuation in the number amployed from 125,104 at the end of Sept. 1925... the christmas month to 270,395 in February and down again to 224,837 in June. More than half the workers employed at the peak were unemployed in the last week of December while a sixth of them were again out a sixth of them were again out of a job in June.

Figures Talk.

Bomployment in Detroit has been on the upgrade since June, the advance to August adding somewhat over 20, 5000 to the payrolls. But the level is still 2% under August 1925. U. S. department of labor figures for employment in auto plants thruout the country show a gain of slightly more than 1/2% over August 1925. The department of labor figures for employment in auto plants thruout the country show a gain of slightly more than 1/2% over August 1925. The department of the likes it. Following the country show a gain of slightly more than 1/2% over August 1925. The department of the likes it. Following the country shows a gain of slightly more than 1/2% over August 1925. The department of the likes it. Following the country shows a gain of slightly more than 1/2% over August 1925. The department of the likes it. Following the country shows a gain of slightly more than 1/2% over August 1925. The department of the likes it. Following the country shows a gain of slightly more than 1/2% over August 1925. The department of the likes it.

dustry are shown for last 12 months The working force had to keep the room of the league of nations as the in the following figures based on pace. They turned out as much proworld court is known to the fuiti-

> Jockey in National Race If He Wins in New York

(Special to The Dally Worker) NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Al Smith's omination for the presidency on the emocratic ticket hinges on his victory in the coming gubernatorial elec-

Wagner to Run for Senate,

.100.0% 100.0% Aug. 1925.... Sept. 1925...105.6 Oct. 1925109.3 110.8 Jan. 1926107.1 Feb. 1926110.8 March 1926110.6 April 1926192.9 104.8 106.3 May 1926100.6 102.4 June 1926 92.2 July 1926 95.4 100.3 These figures mean that taking Detroit as a whole about 200,000 workers necessary to peak production were not on the payrolls in the last week of the year and that nearly 70,000 of those employed in February had been ladd off by June.

July 1926 95.4 99.2 30.30

Aug. 1926 98.0 100.7 32.68

Fluctuation.

There is considerable fluctuation in the average earnings of workers in the auto industry. Wages for January are about 20% less than those paid

partment's index of employment in the auto industry does not show quite such violent changes as in Detroit.

Fluctuations in employment in Detroit and thruout the automobile in ished machine comes out at the other ted.

The senator likes Cal—at a long wages in the industry are shown in plecework basis. Henry got the difference in added profits.

Al Smith to Be Jackass poor German boy who rose up to

tion in New York. day to oppose Governor Al. Smith in

republican. Mills is a millionaire and Al, the Wall Street servant, is going to pull off all his Fulton fish market tricks to prove to the voters that the issue is the poor man versus the rich, a good issue almost anywhere in New York City outside of a certain section of Fifth avenue and Riverside Drive.

The democrats have nominated Judge Robert E. Wagner to run for the United States senate against James W. Wadsworth, Jr., another millionaire, and of course Wagner is a where he is today.

The four leading candidates are all wet on the liquor question, tho their platforms are only damp.

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN, N Y., Oct. 5.—Representative Ogden
L. Mills, the wealthy scion of an old
New York family, was nominated by
the republican state convention to-

before the convention in accordance with the pre-arranged plans of the



Make It a weekly habit. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

Bunny spent that summer "playing about," as the phrase ran; he read a few books on the international situation, he studied ran; he read a few books on the international situation, he studied some of the confidential reports of Vernon Roscoe's foreign agents and watched the derricks climb over a couple more hills of the Ross Junior tract. Bertie telephoned, insisting that he should make his debut into society at the camp of the ultrafashionable Woodbridge Rileys, located high in the mountains, in a "club" to which only the elect might attain. Here people boated and swam but otherwise lived as complicated lives as in the city, tangled in the same web of social duties, and engage. boated and swam but otherwise lived as complicated lives as in the city, tangled in the same web of social duties and engagements, and dressing several times a day. They drank a great deal at dinner, and danced to the music of a Negro jazz orchestra until day-break, after which the young people would go horseback riding and have a late breakfast and sleep a couple of hours before keaping a lunchest engagement.

before keeping a luncheon engagement.

Here Bunny got to know Eldon Burdick, who had been his sister's favored suitor for a couple of years. Just what was their relationship Bunny was not sure; Dad had ventured a jest about an approaching wedding, but Bertie froze him; she would be trong angagements with no parental meddling. Now attend to her own engagements, with no parental meddling. Now Bunny discovered that the pair were quarreling; he could not help overhearing them, and seeing tears in his sister's eyes. She was angry because Eldon would only spend a week-end at the camp, and he was angry because she punished him by dancing too often with some other, man. But neither of the pair offered any confidences to Bunny and he did not seek them.

any confidences to sunny and he did not seek them.

Eldon Burdick was the youngest son a family of old California land-owners. Their holdings lay in the outskirts of Angel City, and every ten years or so they would sell off a chunk for "subdivisions," and this development would so increase the value of the remainder that the family grew richer all the time, despite the fact that forty people, young and old, spent money for every-thing they could think of. Eldon was a handsome, dashing sportsthing they could think of. Eldon was a handsome, dashing sportsman with a tiny black moustache, after the fashion of a British army officer; he held himself erect and stiff and Bunny discovered that he had a military mind. Bertie must have mentioned her brother's dangerous ideas, for Eldon invited the younger man for a horse-back ride, and proceeded to sound him out. Eldon himself was an amateur patriot, in the proper sense of the abused word amateur; he was letting his string of polo-ponies stay idle all summer, while he did his part to save society.

It did not take long for him to uncover the deeps of Bunny's peril. The boy had got by heart every one of the Bolshevik formulas; that the people of Russia had a right to run their own country in their own way; that our troops had no business shooting and killing them without a declaration of war by congress; that people in this country had a right to express the above con-victions without being beaten or tarred and feathered or sent to prison or deported. Eldon pointed out that all this was merely camouflage, the convenient formulas whereby criminal conspirators sought to cover themselves with a mantle of legality, "free speech" and "civil rights" and all the rest. The Soviet savages had repudiated all these principles and it was our business to

had repudiated all these principles and it was our pusiness to fight them with their own weapons.

Bunny listened politely while his companion explained the ramifications of the Bolshevik plot. Not merely had these traitors sought to give the victory to Germany, they were now organizing a propaganda machine to overthrow civilized government all over the world; they were stirring up Negroes, Hindoos, Chinese and Mohammedans to rise and exterminate the white They had secret organizations with hundreds of thousands of followers in this country, they published or subsidized some eight hundred papers, all preaching class hatred. How could any man of decent instincts make a truce with this monstrosity?

It was indeed terrifying, and difficult to answer; nevertheless.

Bunny stuck it out, we had no right in Russia or Siberia, and if we would let the Bolsheviks alone, they couldn't hurt us. When we suppressed people's ideas, we made it seem that we couldn't answer them; when we smashed up meetings and threw hundreds of people into jail for trying to attend meetings, we simply advertised the ideas we were trying to suppress, we made lots of other people sympathize with the victims. Look at those Rus-sian Jewish boys and girls that had been arrested in New York, all of them under twenty; they had done nothing but distribute a leaflet appealing to the American people not to make war on Russia, yet they had been tortured in jail until one of them died, and the rest had got sentences of twenty years! When Eldon Burdick discovered that Bunny was defending vermin such as these, he first became hot, and then he became cold; and soon Bunny noticed that others of the guests were cold and his sister came to him with flashing eyes, declaring that he had rulned her social career.

So Bunny went to visit Henrietta Ashleigh, at the beach-nome of her family; located on a beautiful blue lagoon, with little white sail-boats over it, and yellow and grey cliffs covered with Spanish bungalows of many tinted plaster. Here, gliding about n a canoe, Bunny tried to justify his ideas, but met no better success. Henrietta had an invincible prejudice against Bolsheviks and Bunny suspected the reason—she had heard about the nationalization of women. He would have liked to hint to her that he doubted the truth of these stories; but if it had been possible to mention such a subject to Henrietta, she would not have been his ideal of feminine purity.

So Bunny had to motor up to Angel City and take Mr. Irving out to lunch, in order to have some one to tell his troubles to. But Mr. Irving made matters worse by giving him an article from a Socialist paper, written by an English journalist who had just come out of Russia, telling of the desperate efforts the Communists were making to defend their cause. The party had conscripted fifty per cent of its members to go to the front and die that was what it amounted to, for even a slight wound was often fatal, when there were no antiseptics anywhere in a country of more than a hundred million people. On twenty-six fronts the Russian workers were waging battles against a host of enemies. In Finland alone the counter-revolutionary general, Mannerheim, had slaughtered a hundred thousand people suspected of sympathy with Bolshevism; he had done it with American guns and American ammunition and his troops many of them wearing American uniforms. In cases where the troops had been beaten by the Bolsheviks and forced to retreat, the American Red Cross to had burned millions of dollars worth of medical supplies, for fear that they might be used to save wounded Bolshevik soldiers and Bolshevik women in child-birth. Somehow, when you that things like this were happening in the world, you did not enjoy drifting about in a canoe on a beautiful lagoon

Bunny went back to Paradise, and studied and thought and waited. There came another post-card from Paul-just like the former one, cold and matter of fact; Paul was well and busy, and was being taken good care of; he had had another letter from Ruth; he hoped that the family was well, and also the Rosses. Bunny now knew the world-situation sufficiently to understand why Paul wrote such a card, and even to imagine the bitterness that Paul must feel to be compelled to write it.

(Continued Tomorrow.)

WORKER How Ford Works His Workers

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LOUIS ENGDAHL WILLIAM F. DUNNE ...Business Manager MORITZ J. LOEB ..

Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

Henry Ford's Retainers and the A. F. of L.

Ford, the five-day week factory owner, hailed by liberals and labor leaders alike as "a good employer," is backed by the most vicious labor-hating elements in Detroit.

The opening of the sessions of the forty-sixth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, following the welcome extended to Ford's five-day week announcement by President Green and other prominent union officials, has been the scene of a wellplanned and energetic attack on the American labor movement.

The open shop capitalists of Detroit, whose leader is Henry Ford, have denounced the conservative trade union movement of America in unmeasured terms and dared it to attempt the organization of the workers in the auto industry—the basis of Detroit capitalists, the expansion of which has created a huge army of angers on ranging from real estate sharks to proprietors of

Probably no one is more surprised at this attack than the lead erehip of the American Federation of Labor. These labor officials exerted every effort to make themselves and the trade union movement respectable. They have denied all belief in the class struggle, they have pleaded for worker-employer co-operation and they have stressed the yellow theory of the identity of interest of worker and capitalist. They have tried and they are still trying to companyize the trade unions with the hope and belief that if unions are castrated they will be accepted by the bosses in place of company unions.

But Henry Ford and his retainers will have none of this. They against any form of labor organization which they do not control as directly as they do their factories.

The consequence has been that the lamb-like labor leaders have had to try to roar like lions.

They have been forced to make militant-sounding speeches. But sponding action will come only thru pressure of the left wing loss of power begins to loom as the result of rank and file ontent with worker employer co-operation.

The reason why the American Federation of Labor officialdon

erally picks such places as El Paso and Atlantic City for their entions is now plain. It is to avoid such disturbing occurrences that which the mistake they made of holding a convention in an instrial center has confronted them with.

We are glad that such resolutions as that introduced by Presito Connell of the motal trades department, calling for a connect of all unions involved to lay out a plan for organization of into industry, have found their way to the convention floor.

Quite evidently this resolution is a reply to the attack of the

of open shoppers. It is a good reply, its effect on the labor ment will be good and it is now up to the left wing in the trade to see that the resolution does not remain on paper.

Organize the unorganized workers, put the whole strength of partize the unorganized workers, put the trade unions will than ten pogroms.

Anti-Jew Crusade.

on new life. The open shoppers of Detroit have rendered the labor moveent a great service.

FREIHEIT CHICAGO EDITION TO BE CELEBRATED AT BIG RALLY

darday, October 3, there will be held a great revolutionary dem of the Chicago workers in Ashland Auditorium, corner Ashland Ave. and Van Buren St. to celebrate the first Chicago edition of the Jewish Com ist paper, Freiheit. The first edition will be sold at the meeting.

The Freiheit is well known among the great masses of Jewish, as well nen-Jewish workers, for its participation in the everyday struggles of

The appearance of the Chicago edition will mark a new chapter in bery of the Jewish workers of this city.

The daily Freiheit edition will reflect the struggles of the Jewish workers here and will help to mobilize them against the bosses. The celebration ate interest in the working class of Chicago.

The speakers will include: C. E. Ruthenberg, general secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, who will speak in English; B. Gold, manager of the Joint Board of the Furriers' Union of New York, who comes especially for the celebration, who will also speak in English; and Melech Epstein, editor of the Freiheit, will speak in Jewish.

A musical program, with the assistance of the Fretheit Singing Society, of the celebration,

strike.

his manhood."

Former Scabs Taken

in By Sioux City

By a Worker Correspondent

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Oct. 6.-On Sept.

7 the Machinists' Local 444 of Sioux

sciousness" by electing two foremer

o resume membership who had acted

This action, which is urged and en

lorced by the grand lodge, is supposed

to benefit the rank and file by lining

up every former "outlaw," get him back in the fold, collect his dues, and

as the editor of the March journal

quaintly remarks, "get him to assert

Charlie Chaplin To Retire

as strikebreakers in the 1922 railroad

Machinist Local

Chicago Labor's Air Program to Include Music and Education

By JOE CARROLL, Federated Press

Tune in on WCFL and hear the Barton \$25,000 pipe organ which has been placed at the free disposal of organized labor's broadcasting station. Announcing this latest achievement in the Chicago Federation of Labor regular meeting Oct. 3, Secretary Ed Nockels also said that WCFL is now operating on 600 watt power instead of only 250 watt, as heretofore, and that this will be gradually increased up to

possibly 3,000 watts. The most important function of direct and educational interest to labor union members and incidentally the general public. These speeches are put on the air between 6 and 7 o'clock every evening except Sunday and Monday. WCFL also broadcasts musical entertainment, both classical and popular, every evening except

Delegate Herstein, reporting for the romen's high school teachers' organization, announced that the fall term La ducation courses of the Trade Union ellege will begin on Tuesday, Oct. 5 ance on the silver screan

out of the other.

HENRY Ford did not build flivers.
Neither did he write books. Both jobs were done for him. And done so well that he made profit out of the one and built a reputation for wisdom

A man who employs over two hundred thousand workers, without ever hav-ing a strike on his hands, is a clever manipulator of human beings. Think of a man who smells the breath of

a man who smells the breath of the membryes for garlic and onlons gets away with it!

It his book "My Life and Work," written for him by Samuel Crowner, Ford's introduction deals with the philosophy of his business and he kes the position that he is success-because his first aim is service, it is good rotarianism. But Crowner avoids the hall-mark of rotarian. He uses the English language.

The conomic fundamental is labor. Labor is the human elevance. and gets away with it!

IN his book "My Life and Work,"

I written for him by Samuel Crown written for him by Samuel Crowther, Ford's introduction deals with the philosophy of his business and he takes the position that he is successful because his first aim is service. This is good rotarianism. But Crowther avoids the hall-mark of rotarian-

"THE economic fundamental is can que angels. The fundament which makes the fruitful seasons of the earth useful to men."

need not carry a jack knife to keep their slaves in submission. The gov-ernment, city, state and nation will

do the trick. out of the other.

A man who can collect one hundred million dollars a year from the sale of shaky pleces of gasolene-animated junk is a man to be reckoned with lif he took his hands out of labor's even tho he believes history is bunk.

OTHER high spots in Ford's book are:

"There is no reason why a man who is willing to work should not

Hired for Profit Only. ment which makes the fruitful seasons of the earth useful to men."

This is an excerpt from Ford's introduction to his: "My Life and Work."

But down thru the ages those who applied their labor to the raw material that mother nature provided, have been robbed of their product by those who had the most effective artillery,

labor power which he offers for sale hire him, that willing worker returns home jobless to his wife and family. What value is Ford's philosophy in

face of a situation like this?

And what about the fellow who renders no useful service? Ford says he

should starve.

His War on the Jews.

THERE are hundreds of thousands
of people thruout the United
States who are not rendering any use-

Now Henry has Floor,

"During the latter part of January (1921) we called in a skeleton organization of about ten thousand men, mostly foremen, sub-foremen, and straw bosses, and we started Highland Park into production. We collected our foreign accounts and sold our by-products.

"Then we were ready for produc-

the richest man in the world and a Ford employe could not be picked out of a crowd because of his abnormally drawn features and lusterless eyes.

His "Philanthropy."

A FEW paragraphs from Ford's book will help throw light on his "philanthropy." In the early part of 1920 there were indications that the wartime inflation bubble was going to be punctured by industrial depression. Ford saw the storm coming and got ready.

He cut the price of his cars and kept up his sales. He made arrangements for another cut. He was planning to close down his plant for a time and he worked to turn every bit of raw material in his possession into finished product.

When he was ready he shut, shop and send his employes about their business.

Henry Has Floor, "When he was ready he shut, shop and send his employes about, their business.

Henry Has floor, "A When he was ready he shut, shop and send his employes about, their business.

Henry Has floor, "A When he was ready he shut, shop and send his employes about, their business.

When he was ready he shut, shop and send his employes about, their business.

Henry Has floor, "A When he was ready he shut, shop and send his employes about, their business.

When he was ready he shut, shop and send his employes about, their business.

When he was ready he shut, shop and send his employes about their jobs. They only cased being unproductive. We made that cut by applying the rule that cut by applying th

By T. J. O'Flaherty

with leisure? Henry might add to his income by bullding an hospital where his slaves could recuperate over the weekend— for a consideration.

Mr. Ford Hunts Reds, Aliens and Trade Unions

Sy ROBERT DUNN.
Someone remarked recently that the writings of Henry Ford are read with great interest in Sovie Russia. This is true. All books deal ing with the organization of industry scientific management and kindre topics are devoured by the studen in the workers faculties and the universities there. Taylor, Gannt and others are read with the greatest interest. And what Ford says and does studied by the workers in the

Soviet Union.
Pays Black Hundred Head. N recognizing this fact one must no forget that had Mr. Ford had his way there would be no Soviet Union Mr. Ford contributed long and gen erously to the overthrow of the Soviet government. On his payroll, for example, worked the notorious Boris L. Brazol, former leader of the Russian Black Hundred, and the leadwas working for Mr. Ford for \$1,000 a month (\$200 extra for expenses), Mr. Brazol, pal of Admiral Kolchak, boasted that he had written two books that would do the Jews—par-ticularly Russian Jews—more injury

Here Is An Example For Ford Workers



"Here We Come, 10,000 Strong."

With the banner reading as above, a tribute to the spirit of the Passalc textile strikers, now organized into the United Textile Workers of America, this militant labor throng stands as a great example of what the power of worker solidarity will do. The auto workers, unorganized and at the mercy of the bosses, can profit by this example.

books that would do the Jews—particularly Russian Jews—more injury than ten pogrems.

Anti-Jew Crusade.

M.R. FORD'S excursions into the field of Jew-baiting are familiar to the American workers. In the minds of Mr. Ford a Jew and a radical were synonyms. Hence the famous Spider Web Chart published in the Dearborn Independent—a chart The Beckwith press also published.

"The Reds in American' by the late R. M. Whitney and other literature inciting folks against all reds and progressives from Captain Paxton Hibben and John Haynes Holmes to that fellowship! Hence the republication by the Beckwith Press Inc. of the Protocols of Zion.

The Beckwith press also published were invented and sold to them for

ridovitches and Dr. Houghtons and Dr. Rodinoffs and the others who deal in red menaces and old world political scandal. Henry, it is admitted seven by his friends, fell for the most lurid of their tales. Had these plotters succeeded in their schemes Henry might have been crowned king of the restroye Russian monarchy. he restored Russian monarchy, On Fingerprinting and Registering Allens.
FORD is not for the bill to register

PORD is hot for the bill to register all the aliens in our midst so that all' the "radicals" may be properly segregated and deported. He subscribes wholeheartedly to the alien fingerprinting bills proposed by Secretary of Labor Davis and opposed by the American Federation of Labor, the American Civil Liberties Union and other progressive organizations. and other progressive organizations.
Ford lines up with the chamber of commerce of the United States, the American Defense Society and other tory organizations in furthering legislation to crush agitation for better works ter working conditions among the foreign-born workers. Both the Dearborn Independent and Ford personally have boosted the anti-alien legis lation which organized labor succeeded in defeating in the last congress.

On Industrial Democracy.

Beginning the individual of the personal properties of the personal properties

er, under certain conditions, like the well-fed horse may prove the most profitable in the end, particularly under a body-wrecking speed-up system. Ford, however, will have nothing to do with unions of any kind. Even

Ford can see but one answer to this question. The workers are to be regarded an individual unit in the productive machine. They have no prob-lems of work concerning which their co-operative action would do them any good.

Beats Forstmann.
THUS Ford displays himself as a century or two more feudal in his human relations than is Mr. Julius Forstmann, textile tyrant of Passaic, N. J., who at least makes the pretense of believing in "employe representation" thru company unions. Ford is thoroly hard-boiled and cynical when it comes to matters touching on the employe-employer relationship. "It is not necessary for people to love each other in order to work together" is one of his typical remarks on the subject. He contends that he gives his workers the best wages and the On Industrial Democracy.

FORD was not the first employer to discover that the well-paid worker, under certain conditions, like the chuse constitutes himself the sole

FORD AND MARX

STATEMENT BY THE CENTRAL the 40-hour week in the industries COMMITTEE OF THE WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY.

The capitalists and their press are hailing as a great achievement the policies of the Ford factories. They day week, as established by Ford, and as great profits as in the longer proves that capitalism voluntarily im-

Marx wrote more than fifty years ago that the development of capitalism would bring about the use of a greater amount of machinery in the work of production and that the increased use of machinery (fixed capital) would at the same time result in more intense exploitation of the workers. The profits of the capital-lsts from the labor of the workers increase with the increased use of machinery, and at the same time the labor required of the workers grows. That is what is happening in the Ford plant.

The workers employed by Ford produce greater profits for him because the use of machinery has been developed to a high point. Each worker turns over to Ford greater profits as a re sult of the worker's labor because of this development of the machinery or production. The worker must keep pace with the machinery which he uses in production, which means more intense labor for the worker.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—Charlie Chaplin, whose antics on the flickering film production in the 40-hour five-day week will be as great as previously. musical entertainment, both classical laugh, is planning to retire from picand popular, every evening except tures shortly, according to Arthur press agents gloat over the fact that Monday from 7 o'clock until midnight. Kelly, vice president of the United the workers can be compelled to give Artists corporation, who is now visit- as much of their strength and energy According to Kelly, Chaplin's lap- work as they have been giving in the carance in "Napoleon," which is now longer day and longer week's work.

According to Kelly, Chaplin's lap- work as they have been giving in the care filmed, will be his final appearance on the silver screen.

Mellon, the representative of the Mellon, the representative of the

this country.

The workers gain nothing by the The workers gain nothing by the capitalists and their press are ling as a great achievement the icles of the Ford factories. They worked abor so that they produce as much endeavoring to make the worked believe that the forty-hour, five-

longer hours.

The only way the Ford workers will secure a real reduction of the labor they give to their exploiter is by or ganizing their strength so they can force this and other improvements in their wages and working conditions from Ford. They must organize a union which can speak and act in their name and make demands, which can be enforced thru their organized strength.

A labor union including worker in the Ford plants will have the power to secure real improve-ments. Ford is opposed to such a union because he knows that the workers will no longer be his slaves when they are organized in such a

Employe Sues Senatorial Candidate. DANVILLE, Ill., Oct. 6.—Col. Frank L. Smith, republican candidate for United States senator from Illi-nois, has been served with a summons as defendant in a suit for two months wages and office expenses by Edgar C Ashley, of this city, it was learned

and fled

first three months, but was never able to collect for services after that, Wm. F. Dunne's article VIII.

Ashley claims he was paid for the

"From Portland to Detroit," is left out today for lack of space—it will continue tomorrow.

exploitation of the workers should be the signal to them to start a move ment to organize a union to fight their battles.

The lession which Ford is teaching the workers shows further that the workers cannot expect the benefits of improvements in the machinery of

control of the machinery of production. That can only be done if they organize a political struggle to secure control of the government and nationalize the factories.

THE Negro worker is of the most exploited, oppressed and brutalized.

Organize an industrial union of automobile workers. Organize for the political struggle to secure control of the government and nationalize industry.

That is the road the Ford workers

and all other workers must follow. It is the one road that will bring them to real improvement of their working conditions and to the enjoynent of the wealth they produce thru

Central Committee, Workers (Comnunist) Party, C. E. Ruthenberg General Secretary.

GUNMAN MISSED VICTIM AND ALMOST DIED FROM ATTACK OF HILARITY

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.-When somebody shoots at somebody else in Chicago, and misses—it's a good

William Anderson was waiting for a streetcar on the near north side when an unidentified man fired 10 shots at him. Anderson ducked and all the bullets missed him. assailant laughed had

NEGRO RESENTMENT IN MIAMI

The sudden revolt two days ago of Color. But the American Negro Labor Congress has all along preached as at Miami, Florida, against the high-handed methods on the part of the authorities to compel Negroes wherever found to do gang work in the clearing away of the debris as a result of the disaster in that city can it. Events from day to do not not consider the color of the disaster in that city can it. the clearing sway of the debris as a pected in the way of protection from the control of the disaster in that city, cannot at all be surprising and is only another one of the instances indicating the new spirit of courage and self-respect which is taking hold of the Negro in America. It further inproves the conditions and lessens the exploitation of the workers.

Actually the Ford factories are proving the correctness of what Kari Marx, the founder of the Communist movement, contended would be the development of capitalism.

The workers must fight, not only life thru the increase in the wealth in the produce so long as the industries are in private hands.

Ford is proving that the workers which is taking hold of the Negro in America. It further indicates the fact that the Negro in shorter hours drains the worker's life over more than the same work in longer hours.

> THE Negro worker is of the most exploited, oppressed and brutalized group in America and in spite of his loyality, the government does not protect him from the ravages of his exploiters, from the brutalities of his opressors. On the contrary, as it is clearly demonstrated the government military forces are not only withhold military forces are not only withholding protection from the Negro people against the white-civil population, but from newspaper accounts, have even taken sides with those whites of Miami who would compel the Negroes to do gang work for the city.
>
> The clash between the Negro people and the soldiers resulting in injuries on both sides was simply the outcome of an attempt on the part of the authorities to conscript Negro la the authorities to conscript Negro la-bor for the city. Any Negro found in the streets regardless of any excuse was forced into a truck and carried off to do work in cleaning up the

THIS is something of the Negroes democracy. Down with this sort of thing! Any form of resistance that the Negro puts up against being impressed into a condition of servitude is desirable and praise-worthy. Fur ther outbreaks are expected in Miami between the Negro working class and the authorities. And it behooves the federal government to take a hand

By LOVETT FORT-WHITMAN | in the matter at once. Federal troops National Organizer of the American
Negro Labor Congress.

THE sudden revolt two days ago of color. But the American Negro

Dinner Pail Epic

By BILL LLOYD. Federated Press

I see, down Oklahoma way, they's sneaking from each workers' pay a checkoff for Salvation Army—a piece of news that sure does jar me. It makes a fellow wanta know how far

the bosses' gall will flow.

Sum ladies shake the bosses fist and leave with him a long blank list, on which they ask that he shall note the names of each poor sufferin goat, and then set down how much he can wring out of each hard workin man. On payday each must grin with glee at being pumped for charity. If he speaks up and sez he's sore, they just point out the exit door.

Now if yous fellows would get back and end such systems with a smack, just gather round my ragged knee and get the fortythird degree. organize to beat the band, get lots of spunk and piles of sand, and when ou're organized plum through and feel prepared to turn the screw, write out a deed, with dotted line, and make

the boss sit down and sign, kick upon his neck.



act d continue for 10 weeks